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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.
TWO EDITIONS,
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The Pittsburgh Gazette

EDITORIAL GLEANINGS.

THE Philadelphia *North American* is glorying over a mile of Nicolson pavement on Broad street in that city, and exhorting the powers that be to continue the good work the whole length of the street. If this were done Broad street would be one of the finest promenades in the world. It is eleven miles long and many of the handsomest public and private buildings adorn its sides. At present it is disfigured and ruined by a net work of iron rails.

WE are beginning to get in the terrible lists of marine disasters, which come as surely as the spring and autumn. Dispatches from St. Johns report some thirty vessels as being totally wrecked off the coast of Labrador. Forty lives, and an immense amount of property have been lost. Wharves, boats and fish oil on shore have been swept away. In addition to this more than one thousand people have been left destitute, and the people of St. Johns, N. F., are sending off steamers to their aid.

A DESCENT was made on a Keno Hell, in New York, on Saturday night, and the policeman in charge of the attacking party had placed his forces so well, that in spite of a desperate and vicious resistance every member of the crowded assemblage was captured. The consternation was something terrific among the more respectable victims. The New York *Times*, of Monday, publishes a full list of the unfortunate speculators.

A YOUNG lady recently eloped from Niagara Falls with a hackdriver. As she had been used to every luxury, this would probably have been a good thing for her, inasmuch as Niagara hack drivers are noted for their immense incomes, but this particular driver happened to have one wife already, a state of affairs of which young lady number two had no inkling until her father came to take her home. Her feelings were of that nature easier fancied than described.

THE mere mention of a new Atlantic cable via France has caused the directors of the present monopoly to bring down their prices, and they now announce an additional reduction of fifty per cent. on and after the 15th of November next. Why it needed a competing line to bring about this reduction is not obvious, as a fourfold increase of business is an almost certain sequence.

THOSE enlightened persons who object to any thing new under the sun, should take advantage of the present season to get up a vigorous movement against threshing machines. The number of accidents resulting from the use of them has been unusually large this autumn, and reports of fresh ones keep coming in from all parts of the country.

THE frame of the new Conneautville (Crawford county) depot has been raised, and the work is going rapidly on to completion. It is located about forty rods north of the present depot, on the side of the track nearest the town. It is being put up under the supervision of H. B. Castle, Esq., of Ashtabula, who expects to have it finished before December.

THE Reading *Dispatch* says that the Copperheads threatened to mob its office because it was the first to expose their designs of riding the effigy of Abraham Lincoln on a rail through the streets, last week. The *Dispatch* says that this is the second time that it has been thus threatened for this offense.

WE learn that Patrick Joice, a brakeman on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, on Friday night, fell from the train while it was in motion, near Broadtree tunnel, striking on the track, when both legs were run over and literally crushed. It is thought he will recover.

IF NEW YORK is the centre of our civilization, what must we think of ourselves. We give a specimen of a New York sign board, and a prominent New York daily avers that the city is full of just such signs:

"WASING AND IONING AND GOING OUT BY THE DAY DONE IN THE BACK ROOM."

A MOST singular accident occurred at the Hoosic tunnel works on Saturday last. The gasoline works at the mouth exploded and burned, the burning ruins and debris falling down the shaft burying and suffocating the whole gang of workmen, thirteen in all. The bodies were not recovered for some time.

FROM all parts of this State and New York we hear of the loveliness of the present season. All unite in calling this the Indian summer, and it certainly resembles that season, which, however, generally comes in November, sometime after our first snow.

ONE of the best evidences of dull times for news is the large amount of space given by the press generally to the discussion of Mrs. Lincoln and her business affairs. Mrs. Lincoln should have chosen more stirring times if she wanted to avoid publicity.

CENTRAL PARK, New York, is said to be as beautiful as a painter's dream during these gorgeous, warmly tinted October days. The large variety of trees makes the coloring more striking than it is in a collection of purely indigenous varieties.

FOURTEEN small boys threw a wagon into a stone quarry at Manayunk, and were shortly afterwards arrested and held to bail in two hundred dollars each. What a weeping and wailing those fourteen small boys probably gave rise to!

THE Passamaquoddy Indians have selected the Hon. Pearpole Sebattus to represent them in the Maine Legislature. The New York *Mail* suggests that he shall room with the Hon. Sonebasein Swassian, the Penobscot delegate.

CHICAGO is to have a Home for the newsboys and boot-blacks, but as it will take some time to get a building up, they are going to temporarily occupy a hall.

TWO men were killed by the foul air while down a well repairing it, on the 19th inst., in Brownstown, W. Va.

ALL the gas in Parkersburg (W. Va.) went out the other evening, and, consequently, shops had to be closed.

THE Southern Railroads owe the Government between six and seven hundred million dollars.

BIBLES have been furnished to all the stations on two of the Vermont Railroads.

FROM the Harrisburg *Telegraph* we clip the following:

"We learn from passengers who were present and saw the occurrence, that the Fast Line South on the Northern Central Railroad, on Saturday morning, killed a young woman named Shillcost, at Sparks' switch, some twenty miles this side of Baltimore. The unfortunate woman was walking upon the track, and left it when the train approached, but stepped upon the road again when the locomotive was close by, and she was struck with great force and instantly killed, her skull being broken. She had been at the postoffice and was on her way home. Her age was 18 or 20 years. She is said to have been in trouble on account of a disappointment in a love affair. Whether her death was purely accidental, or premeditated on her part, we cannot say.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE ITALIAN IRRUPTION.

The Pope Assured of French Protection.

TOWN OF OSTIA EVACUATED BY THE INSURGENTS.

Italy Accedes to the Demand of France.

FRENCH EXPEDITION ABANDONED.

New Italian Ministry

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ITALY.

AUDIENCE WITH THE POPE—ROME REINFORCED—TOWN OF OSTIA EVACUATED.

ROME, October 19—*Evening.*—The Count De Sartges, French Minister to Rome, had an audience with Pius IX. He assured his Holiness, in the name of the Emperor Napoleon, that whatever circumstances should arise from the Garibaldian invasion of the Pontifical territory, or the attitude of the King of Italy, France would not fail in her aid to the Holy See and defense of its authority.

The garrison of Rome has been reinforced by volunteers enlisted for the most part in France and Spain.

The town of Ostia, on the Tiber, which was lately taken by the revolutionary invaders, has been recaptured by a detachment of the Papal army. There was no fight, as the Garibaldians retired from the place.

THE FRENCH EXPEDITION.

TOULON, October 20—*Evening.*—Gen. Dumont, who is to command the French expedition to the Pontifical ports and territory of the Church, arrived here today from Paris. The General discharged quite recently the duty of Special Envoy from Napoleon to the Pope, on the subject of the present difficulty with Italy, and is regarded as well fitted to carry out the views of his Majesty, should war arise. The expeditionary force is embarking. Six French war vessels, including two iron-clads, are in the harbor with steam up, ready to leave port tonight, or whenever the final order is received from Paris, and proceed to the Roman coast.

PARIS, October 20 — *Morning.*—The *Moniteur* is silent on the subject of Rome and Italy. An official expression is eagerly looked for by the people.

The *Etendart* newspaper says that the military and naval forces destined for the Papal territory are quite ready to leave Toulon, but that the Imperial order to depart is held back till the final reply of King Victor Emanuel to the Emperor's note is received, and that the receipt of the Italian State paper may be delayed some few hours, owing to the existence of a Ministerial crisis in Florence.

The *Patrie* publishes a telegraphic dispatch reporting the march of 20,000 French troops from the military depot of Lyons to Toulon, and adds that another corps has been ordered to operate in another direction.

The *La France* says: We learn that the advance guard of General Dumont's army embarked this morning at Toulon for Civiti Vecchia. It is certain that the French force will, in any case, arrive in Rome before the Italians.

It is stated that the Italian government has declared itself powerless to arrest the bands of Garibaldian invaders crossing the frontier, or to protect the Holy See from their assaults.

Great excitement prevails in the streets, and the telegraph agency of Paris, so anxious are the people to learn the news from the different points—Rome, Florence and Toulon.

PARIS, October 21—*Midnight.*—The French fleet has left Toulon.

LATER—ITALY ACCEDES TO THE DEMAND OF FRANCE.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—*Evening.*—Dispatches from the continent up to this hour report the Italy-Roman situation as improved very much. Italy satisfies the demands of France in relation to an exact observance of the terms and fulfillment of the duties imposed by the September Convention, and it is hoped that war between the two countries has been averted thereby.

There are no more French troops gone to Toulon, and the force which was held ready to sail at that port has been debarked. All the war preparations ordered in France have been countermanded.

General Cialdini, of the Italian army, a favorite soldier since the time of the Crimean war, succeeds Signor Rattazzi, Prime Minister of the King, and will proceed to form a new Cabinet, having an anti-revolutionary policy.

GARIBALDI WITH HIS SON.

FLORENCE, October 22.—Reports are in circulation that Garibaldi has succeeded in reaching Italy and is now with his son Menotti.

MINISTERIAL CRISIS—POPULAR INDIGNATION AGAINST FRANCE AND VICTOR EMANUEL.

FLORENCE, October 22.—The ministerial crisis is not ended. General Cialdini has been unable to form a new cabinet and has given up the task. It is possible Ratazzi may remain in office, with perhaps a change in the ministry.

Popular agitation is very great throughout Italy. An extremely bitter feeling is shown against France, while the Government of the King is loaded with reproaches by the people for yielding to the dictation of Napoleon.

There have been several demonstrations of indignation in Florence. The populace gather in great crowds beneath the windows of the Government officers and shout for "Rome, the capitol of Italy."

FRANCE.

SUSPENSION OF HOSTILE MEASURES.

PARIS, October 22.—The *Moniteur*, in an official article announcing the cessation of warlike preparations against Italy, says: France beheld the spectacle of an invasion of the Papal States by armed bands from the neighboring provinces of Italy; she could not, consistently with her duty, dignity and her national honor, suffer the September Convention to be thus violated; she prepared to send an army across the Alps; but Italy has since given ample pledges to fulfil the obligations of the treaty in the largest sense, and consequently all preparations have been suspended by France.

ENGLAND.

NEW MARKET RACES.

NEW MARKET, Oct. 22.—The great event was the contest for the Cambridgeshire stakes. The race resulted in a dead heat between Losenge and Wolsey for the first position, and the owners of the two divided the stakes.

GERMANY.

BADEN AND THE CONFEDERATION.

BERLIN, October 22.—It is reported that the Grand Duchy of Baden will soon join the confederation of the North German States.

Association to Obtain Prize Money.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, October 22.—Representatives from all the vessels of Farragut's fleet, which captured New Orleans, have organized an association for the purpose of united action toward obtaining prize money.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

—The Soldiers' and Sailors' Union at Washington City have issued a stirring appeal to their comrades throughout the country to stand by and work for the success of the Republican party, and not to be dismayed by the temporary reverses of the Union party at the recent elections, nor corrupted by official patronage.

—Rear Admiral Porter has informed the Navy Department of the recent explosion of a steam launch at Annapolis Naval Academy, by which Chief Engineer Hoyt, Wm. Clark, fireman, and a colored boy named Samuel Briscoe, of the Navy, were killed. Several boys from the Naval Academy were on board and were slightly injured. The boat was badly damaged.

—Upwards of twenty-two thousand acres of public lands were disposed of during September at Bayfield, Wisconsin.

—Information has been received at the Navy Department that all the officers and crew of the United States steamer Sacramento, which was lost in the Pacific, have sailed for New York on the British ship Canfield, excepting the chief engineer and the executive officer, who remain to recover what is possible from the wreck.

—Secretary Welles, in a general order promulgating court martial, publicly reprimands engineer Sawyer, of the navy, for declaring that the President had violated his pledges to the people, and ought to be impeached. He maintains that the officers of the navy shall not show disrespect to the President, that it is insubordination to use such language, and that it will not be allowed.

—Numerous ward meetings in favor of the Grant movement were held in Philadelphia Monday night. At one of them Judge Kelley made a speech fully endorsing the proposed nomination, and asserting that Grant, politically, was in full accord with Congress.

—The question of the liability of the government for the counterfeit seventhirties is receiving close attention in the Treasury Department. Assistant Treasurer Van Dyck, at New York, writes that in all cases the distinct understanding between a party sending in notes and himself has been, that if found to be counterfeit they would become responsible for a counterfeit over their own counter.

—District Attorney Chandler has notified Charles O'Conner that the Government will be ready to proceed with the trial of Jeff. Davis at the session of the United States District Court in Richmond, commencing on the 4th of November, unless postponement is procured by Davis' counsel. It is considered certain that the trial will come off. Preparation for his reception are being made by his counsel in Richmond.

—It is said that Mr. Seward's mission to New York is to start a new Conservative Republican party in that State, to hold the balance of power. The mission had the approval of the President.

—Postmaster General Randall has written a letter strongly endorsing President Johnson. Another member of the Cabinet, accused of opposition to the President, will soon write a similar letter.

—The President has directed a reservation for military purposes at Fort Wadsworth, Dacotah, covering one hundred and thirty-five square miles.

—The Comptroller of Currency has received all the quarterly reports from the National Banks, except the First National Bank at Fort Smith, Ark. An abstract of the condition of the banks, classified by States and cities, will be ready for publication on Saturday.

—The greater portion of the emigrants detained at quarantine below New Orleans were taken on board the steamer Stonewall, for transportation to St. Louis.

—George Wilkens Kendall, of the New Orleans *Picayune*, died at his residence at Post Oak Spring, on Monday, of congestive chills. He was aged sixty years, and leaves a wife and four children.

—The 28th of November has been appointed Thank-giving in Maine.

—The spoke manufactory of Wm. Gorris & Co., and tool manufactory of A. M. Badger & Co., at Rochester, N. Y., were destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning. Loss upwards of sixty thousand dollars; fully insured.

—A fire in Philadelphia, Monday night, destroyed Randolph & Jenks' cotton warehouse, and the wool warehouse of Thaw & Walker. Loss of the former, $35,000; insured; the latter, $10,000; insured.

SOUTH AMERICAN ADVICES.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—A Buenos Ayres letter of September 14th says Cordava had experienced another revolution, but it was promptly quelled after a short fight.

The Minister of Foreign Relations for the Argentine Republic had resigned on account of the rumored impossibility of defeating the Paraguayans.

Gen. Asboth, U. S. Minister, was still very low.

The Presidential election takes place in January, and the most influential paper in the country has nominated Sarmiento, present Minister at Washington, for the position.

Advices from Peru to the end of September state that the city of Arequipa was entirely in the hands of the revolutionists and was being fortified. Their programme is the overthrow of the administration of Prado and the restitution of the constitution of 1854, promulged in 1860, and the recognition of Col. Canevas as the constitutional head of the republic. The clergy, people and troops in and around Arequipa are said to have fraternized with the revolutionary forces. The loyalty to Prado of Gen. Bustament, who was sent to suppress the movement, is questioned. There were many arrests at Lima of suspected persons, and the opinion is growing that Prado's days are numbered.

HAVANA, October 22.—Advices from Puerto Cabello to the 11th inst. have been received. A revolution against the authority of President Acosta, of Columbia, had broken out in the State of Bolivar, with Gen. Mendoza at its head.

The Government of Venezuela has ordered a continuance of the war against the rebels in that country, and has arrested Romero at Puerto Cabello, and Odio at Aranco, as revolutionists.

The government had issued a proclamation that all foreigners and natives arriving in the country be considered able to bear arms within twenty-four hours, after September 29th.

President Falcon has secured the support of the Brazilian ministry in his operations against the rebellion.

WASHINGTON

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, October 22, 1867.

NORTH CAROLINA.

United States Marshal Goodloe, of North Carolina, who is here, says there is now no military interference whatever with the process of the Federal Courts.

THE PRINTING INVESTIGATION.

It is expected that Senator Buckalew will to-morrow join Senator Edmunds and Representative Halsey in the investigation of the business transactions of the Printing Bureau of the Treasury Department.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Congressional Railroad Committee—Municipal Election not to be Held.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 22.—The members of the Congressional Railroad Committee addressed a meeting of citizens at Hibernia Hill to-night.

General Canby has ordered the regular election for municipal officers to be not held, and the notice prescribed by city ordinance is not to be published.

Secretary Seward—His Mission to Auburn—Return to Washington.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 22.—The Secretary of State finished here, yesterday, the duty which called him from Washington, which was to erect a monument to his deceased wife. It is a work of exquisite beauty. The Secretary left for Washington this morning. Senor Goni, the Spanish Minister, and Signor Crutli, the Italian Minister, and their Secretaries, who attended the Secretary, returned with him.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.

Partial Returns—Incipient Riots in Richmond—the Military and the Police on Duty—No Indications as to the Result in the State.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 22.—The election in Norfolk is not yet completed. The polls will be opened again to-morrow. The whites polled 1,384 votes, and the blacks 1,602 votes. It is supposed Waller, Conservative, will be elected.

HAMPTON, October 22.—Col. White, Radical, is elected here. No excitement.

ALEXANDRIA, October 22.—Hawkhurst, from Alexandria, and Nickerson, from Alexandria and Fairfax, both Radicals, are elected to the Convention. The majority for secession in Alexandria is 500. The blacks voted for the Radicals, and the whites for the Conservatives, with few exceptions.

A dispatch to the *Gazette* from Louisa, Culpeper and the lead side, the amount involved was not very large, say $25,000. The money has been traced to certain parties who were officers or directors, who were behindhand in one of the small National Banks up town, and who, to cover their retreat, started this still smaller bank on their own account, under the local banking law of New York. The money in default has since been repaid to the National Bank from which these enterprising speculators had seceded.

SALES OF CITY PROPERTY.

The Fort Gansevort property, belonging to the city, was sold at auction today in lots, the figures reaching $34,000. The prices yesterday aggregated half a million. There will be additional sales on Thursday.

WHISKY MATTERS.

Collector Bailey still has his men in charge of the whisky establishments seized on Friday and Saturday, but has surrendered the bonded warehouses on a demand made by Collector Shook.

STEAMER ASHORE.

The British steamer Amsterdam, from Malaga for New York, went ashore on Sunday night, near Montana. She lies among the rocks. The cargo of fruits is said to have been sold to arrive, and is probably insured.

RECENT BOILER EXPLOSIONS.

The Sanitary Superintendent of the Metropolitan Police has submitted a report relative to the recent fatal boiler explosions, in which he recommends the District Attornies of New York and Kings counties to take proper action thereon.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

William Ward, proprietor of a Broadway saloon, was knocked senseless and robbed of a small amount of money early this morning. The alleged robbers have been arrested.

POLICE FUNERAL.

The funeral of the murdered policeman, McChesney, took place to-day in Brooklyn, and was attended by a large number of his comrades and friends.

COLLISION INVESTIGATION.

The Government Steamboat Inspectors have commenced the investigation of the causes of the collision between the Vanderbilt and Dean Richmond. It will be very thorough.

BURGLARS CAUGHT.

Three burglars, named Joseph Dunbar, William Mills and James Higgins, were caught Monday night in the warehouse of Hobby & Son, South street, and held for trial, charged with an attempt to steal a quarter of a million worth of goods.

ONE MILE IN 2:23.

Commodore Vanderbilt's Mountain Bay trotted a mile yesterday, at the Fashion Course, in 2:23½.

The Steamboat Burner
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, October 22.—Wm. Murphy, the steamboat burner, who was released from the Penitentiary in Missouri, last week, by Judge Miller, of the United States District Court, has been turned over to United States Marshal Rogers, who was ordered by the Court to take him to the Western District of Tennessee, there to await such proceedings as may be instituted against him by the Civil Courts.

Collision of Railroad Trains.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—A collision occurred about eight o'clock last night on the Chicago and North Western Railroad, two miles west of Dixon, between a train west for Omaha and an extra freight train. Both locomotives were demolished, and six persons injured, none fatally. The collision was caused by a misunderstanding of the conductor of the freight train.

Louisville and Portland Canal.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, October 22.—Gen. Weitzel's surveying party are surveying the Louisville and Portland Canal. The Portland and New Albany ferries have laid up on account of the channel filling up, and skiffs are now plying in their place.

Canal fully twenty-five inches, and falling slowly.

Baltimore Politician Killed.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, October 22.—Early this morning Elisha Brady, a well known ward politician, was shot and instantly killed by John Bauerns. The difficulty originated in the cutting of the bulyards of a hickory pole erected by the Democrats of the Twentieth ward.

Yellow Fever Bulletin.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, October 22.—There were thirteen yellow fever interments during the twenty-four hours ending at six o'clock this morning.

MOBILE, October 22.—There were no deaths from yellow fever to-day.

PERSONAL.

—Gen. McClellan is coming home to run for President.

—One hundred and forty-two Smiths have graduated at Yale.

—Commodore Vanderbilt's income is reported at present to be $4,000 a day.

—Gen. Beauregard is being feted and lionized by his Washington friends and admirers.

—Nine colored men are still living in New Orleans who assisted at its defence under Jackson.

—Mrs. Cobb, sometimes styled the "Female Pardon Broker," is in Washington, looking as piquant and interesting as ever.

—Charles Dickens will reach Boston early in November, and it is hoped the American people will permit the taker of notes to have a quiet time.

—Admiral Farragut saw in Sweden an entire battery of breech-loading cannons of wrought iron, taken out of a vessel sunk during the seventeenth century.

—A little girl in Cairo, who is losing her sight from a cataract, is studying all day and far into the night to store her mind for the time when the world will be blank to her eyes.

—Secretary Seward prognosticates that New York will go Democratic at the November election. Doubtless the wish is father to the thought, but Mr. Seward is not famous as a prophet.

—It appears to be certain that Senator Sumner and wife have separated, and one remarked as a good son and brother, a devoted friend and true patriot, has failed in the relation of husband.

—The wives of Mendez and Melia are mad; Miramon's wife is stricken in beyond hope of recovery; Princess Salm-Salm is in jail; Carlotta will surely die when she knows about the fate of her husband, and thus end the women of the Mexican muddle.

—Second Assistant Engineer George F. Sawyer, United States Navy, tried at Portsmouth, N. H., by court martial, has been found guilty of disrespect to his superior officer in declaring that the President ought to be impeached, and, by order of Secretary Welles, he has been suspended from duty one year on half pay.

Uniforming Railway Men.

Would not the Pennsylvania Railroad be doing a real service to the general public, by imitating the recent action of the New York Railroads in putting their employees in uniform? We say the Pennsylvania Railroad, because it is generally supposed to exert a sort of moral influence over a large number of lines of railway. Judging by some personal, and a good deal of second hand knowledge of the working of this system, we would say that it adds immeasurably to both the comfort and security of passengers. Now, if one wants information or assistance, the eye is of no assistance in the search, and consequently the search is often made in vain. But with a uniformed railway corps all necessary information could be sought for and perhaps found without the extravagant waste of time and temper necessary under the present system.

NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 22, 1867.

GOVERNMENT SALE OF QUARTERMASTERS' STORES.

The Government sale to-day was largely attended and went off with spirit, but at rather low prices, as follows: woolen blankets $1,41@1,45; rubber do. $1,13@1,14; do. ponches $1,10; pegged bootees 85@92c per pair; hand sewed do. $1,16@1,20; machine sewed do. $1,42½; hand sewed boots, $1,42½@1,95; pegged do. $1,65@2,67½; great coats, (horse) $3,31@3,48; great coats (foot) $2,25@2,44, long being taken within this range; gray flannel shirts, 39c; stable frocks, a long line, sold at 25c; an immense line of canton flannel drawers sold at 47½c; trowsers (horse) $1,50@1,87½; forage caps six cents; uniformed hats, untrimmed, 32c; do. infantry, trimmed, 33c; do. cavalry and artillery 30@34c; privates' cavalry jackets 75c; do. artillery do. 85c; uniform artillery coats, privates, $1,75@1,84; do. infantry do, $1,62½@1,75; jackets, cavalry, artillery, $1,21; uniform coats, engineers, $1,87½; mosquito bars, 29c.

BANK DEFALCATION.

The *Times* says, in reference to the reported defalcation in a banking institution on the East side, the amount involved was not very large, say $25,000. The money has been traced to certain parties who were officers or directors, who were behindhand in one of the small National Banks up town, and who, to cover their retreat, started this still smaller bank on their own account, under the local banking law of New York. The money in default has since been repaid to the National Bank from which these enterprising speculators had seceded.

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The Steamboat Burner
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, October 22.—Wm. Murphy, the steamboat burner, who was released from the Penitentiary in Missouri, last week, by Judge Miller, of the United States District Court, has been turned over to United States Marshal Rogers, who was ordered by the Court to take him to the Western District of Tennessee, there to await such proceedings as may be instituted against him by the Civil Courts.

Collision of Railroad Trains.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—A collision occurred about eight o'clock last night on the Chicago and North Western Railroad, two miles west of Dixon, between a train west for Omaha and an extra freight train. Both locomotives were demolished, and six persons injured, none fatally. The collision was caused by a misunderstanding of the conductor of the freight train.

Louisville and Portland Canal.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, October 22.—Gen. Weitzel's surveying party are surveying the Louisville and Portland Canal. The Portland and New Albany ferries have laid up on account of the channel filling up, and skiffs are now plying in their place.

Canal fully twenty-five inches, and falling slowly.

Baltimore Politician Killed.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, October 22.—Early this morning Elisha Brady, a well known ward politician, was shot and instantly killed by John Bauerns. The difficulty originated in the cutting of the bulyards of a hickory pole erected by the Democrats of the Twentieth ward.

Yellow Fever Bulletin.
[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, October 22.—There were thirteen yellow fever interments during the twenty-four hours ending at six o'clock this morning.

MOBILE, October 22.—There were no deaths from yellow fever to-day.

PERSONAL.

—Gen. McClellan is coming home to run for President.

—One hundred and forty-two Smiths have graduated at Yale.

—Commodore Vanderbilt's income is reported at present to be $4,000 a day.

—Gen. Beauregard is being feted and lionized by his Washington friends and admirers.

—Nine colored men are still living in New Orleans who assisted at its defence under Jackson.

—Mrs. Cobb, sometimes styled the "Female Pardon Broker," is in Washington, looking as piquant and interesting as ever.

—Charles Dickens will reach Boston early in November, and it is hoped the American people will permit the taker of notes to have a quiet time.

—Admiral Farragut saw in Sweden an entire battery of breech-loading cannons of wrought iron, taken out of a vessel sunk during the seventeenth century.

—A little girl in Cairo, who is losing her sight from a cataract, is studying all day and far into the night to store her mind for the time when the world will be blank to her eyes.

—Secretary Seward prognosticates that New York will go Democratic at the November election. Doubtless the wish is father to the thought, but Mr. Seward is not famous as a prophet.

—It appears to be certain that Senator Sumner and wife have separated, and one remarked as a good son and brother, a devoted friend and true patriot, has failed in the relation of husband.

—The wives of Mendez and Melia are mad; Miramon's wife is stricken in beyond hope of recovery; Princess Salm-Salm is in jail; Carlotta will surely die when she knows about the fate of her husband, and thus end the women of the Mexican muddle.

—Second Assistant Engineer George F. Sawyer, United States Navy, tried at Portsmouth, N. H., by court martial, has been found guilty of disrespect to his superior officer in declaring that the President ought to be impeached, and, by order of Secretary Welles, he has been suspended from duty one year on half pay.

Uniforming Railway Men.

Would not the Pennsylvania Railroad be doing a real service to the general public, by imitating the recent action of the New York Railroads in putting their employees in uniform? We say the Pennsylvania Railroad, because it is generally supposed to exert a sort of moral influence over a large number of lines of railway. Judging by some personal, and a good deal of second hand knowledge of the working of this system, we would say that it adds immeasurably to both the comfort and security of passengers. Now, if one wants information or assistance, the eye is of no assistance in the search, and consequently the search is often made in vain. But with a uniformed railway corps all necessary information could be sought for and perhaps found without the extravagant waste of time and temper necessary under the present system.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Homicide at the Mansion House—Coroner's Inquest.

The Mansion House, in this city, was the scene of an affray Monday evening which resulted in a homicide, sending one poor mortal to render a final account to his God without a moment's time for preparation, and placing another amenable to the laws of the land for the commission of one of the highest crimes in the catalogue. James A. Monahan, a well known contractor, and Lawrence Purcell, formerly a liquor merchant, were both single men and boarded at the Mansion House. For some time past ill-feeling existed between them, and on several occasions they quarrelled, using violent and abusive language toward each other. A few days ago they had a difficulty, and Monahan made information against Purcell for threatening his person, but Monday evening, the time fixed for the hearing, the prosecutor withdrew the information and paid the costs.

The origin of the difficulty is unknown, but Monahan has, it is alleged, at various times used slanderous and abusive language about a niece of Mr. Purcell, who is also a boarder at the Mansion House, Monahan, it appears, was addicted to the use of intoxicating drinks, and when under their influence was quarrelsome and abusive. Monday evening, shortly after ten o'clock, he entered the bar-room of the house, very drunk. He commenced using disgusting language, and was told by Mr. Zeissler, the proprietor. Mr. Purcell entered a moment after and stood with the landlord by the bar drinking. Monahan returned at this time and stood near them. He immediately commenced a course of violent abuse of Purcell and his niece. Purcell paid no attention to him and Mr. Zeissler quieted Monahan, after which he stepped back a little, Monahan then instantly stepped up to Purcell and struck him a blow in the face. Purcell turned and returned the blow with his fist, striking Monahan under the eye. The drunken man fell over backward, striking his head violently on the floor, and was soon after taken to his room. He was visited two or three times during the night, and seemed to be in a heavy drunken sleep; but yesterday morning it was discovered that his injuries were more serious nature, and Dr. Dickson and Hamilton were called and did what was possible for him; but at half-past ten the unfortunate man expired. His face and head were frightfully swollen and discolored. Word of the affray was taken to the Mayor's office, and at half-past nine o'clock Chief Scott, with Officer Rivers, proceeded to the hotel and arrested Purcell. The prisoner is now in the lock-up. Deceased was about forty-six years old, and had taken the contracts for building the Allegheny wharf and the Birmingham water works. He has a sister residing in Philadelphia, and a sister-in-law in the Seventh ward of this city. Coroner Clawson held an inquest, at which the following testimony was elicited:

Charles Zeissler, proprietor of the Mansion House, was sworn and testified in substance as follows: He stated that he was present during the evening with Mr. Purcell. Between ten and eleven o'clock Mr. Monahan came in drunk. He refused to go to his room. On coming from the Continental saloon, early in the evening, witness heard Monahan making a disorderly noise, and put him out on the pavement, where he sat down quietly in a chair, and sat there for some time. On going back into the house the witness found Mr. Purcell at the bar, and took a drink with him. As they were drinking Monahan entered and stood by the bar at the left of witness, while Purcell stood at the right. Monahan commenced to talk badly to Mr. Purcell, using insulting language about him and his niece. Mr. Purcell paid no attention and made no answer, and witness attempted to quiet Monahan, and having succeeded, as he thought, stepped back a little way. Monahan then immediately stepped forward and struck Purcell a blow between the eyes, knocking off his hat. Mr. Purcell then turned and struck Monahan a blow in the face with his fist. Monahan staggered and fell heavily back on the floor, striking the back of his head forcibly on the floor. No weapon was used by either. Three men carried Monahan up to his room, and left a boy in charge of him, with directions to bathe the face and head of the injured man.

Jacob Lehman, the barkeeper, was sworn, and testified that Monahan entered the bar room at about ten o'clock, and said he wanted to witness that Purcell and his niece should not be allowed in a respectable boarding house. Witness requested Monahan to go to bed, but he refused. Witness then asked him to go with him to the Liberty street door, which he did, and promised to go to bed. Mr. Purcell entered shortly afterwards and asked the proprietor and witness to take a drink. They were the only persons in the room at the time, and as they were drinking Monahan re-entered and stood by the bar with the others. He renewed his remarks about Mr. Purcell, saying that he did not like him, and he could not pay his board bill. He also used very insulting language regarding Purcell's neice. Mr. Purcell made no reply and took no notice. The proprietor, having quieted Monahan, stepped back, when Monahan stepped up and struck Mr. Purcell a blow in the face, knocking his hat off and drawing blood. Purcell struck Monahan a blow in return, hitting him under the eye. Monahan fell over backward, his head striking the floor with great violence. Only the one blow was exchanged and no weapons were used. Witness ran around and seized Mr. Purcell, who was standing by Monahan, but without having offered him any further violence. Did not hear Monahan speak after he was injured.

William Siebert, a boy engaged at the hotel, testified that last evening he was sent by Mr. Ziessler into Monahan's room to wash Monahan's face and keep cold water upon it. Washed his face a couple of times, when he refused to have it washed any more, and insisted on getting up. He spoke, calling witness Jimmy, but he could not understand what else he said. He then raised his hand and hit witness on the cheek, when the latter left the room and went to bed.

John G. Berry, night watchman of the house, was sworn, and testified that for some time past there had been a difficulty existing between Monahan and Purcell, and they had quarrelled in the house. On Friday night Monahan's washing was brought to his room, and the next morning he alleged that during the night some person had stolen some of his shirts and collars and threw them out of the window. He came

The Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1867.

REPUDIATION.

The Democracy are squarely wheeling into rank, on a platform of repudiating the National debt, by passing an act to pay the Government Bonds in paper instead of coin. Mr PENDLETON, in a speech, which is endorsed by the Democratic press generally, in speaking of the interest on our bonds, says: "These forty-eight millions annually should be saved. The five-twenties should be paid in greenbacks as they mature, or as fast as they can be done without too great derangement of the currency."

The Boston *Post* has not yet been brought to the new party platform, and says: "A dollar is a metallic substance of real value—not a promise on a piece of paper; therefore, when the Government promises to pay one thousand *dollars*, it engages to pay *actual dollars;* not *promises* but *dollars*. These dollars are made of gold and silver."

To this the Pittsburgh *Post* answers that there is to be one kind of dollar for the rich bondholders and another for the poor soldier. If the bonds were all, or nearly all, in the hands of rich bondholders, the argument would amount to this: "Justice does not require you to pay your debts if your creditor is already rich." Poverty may be a very pretty thing in poetry, but are we ready to assume that when a man becomes rich he forfeits his right to collect debts due him? In this country, where men generally make their own fortunes, and where the poor struggling boys of thirty years ago are the capitalists of to-day, a party must have a slender mission that hopes to live by fostering a mean jealousy, in the poor, against the rich. We urge our boys to industry and economy, and the gurgeon held out to them is wealth. Shall we tell them that in gaining it they lose their right to enforce contracts? This is the doctrine of our *Post*. The Government contracts to pay a dollar, then says to its creditor, "If you were a poor man I should pay you; but you are rich and can afford to lose the dollar, therefore, you have no right to claim payment, so I shall pay that promise with another." Would the *Post* advise carrying this principle into the transactions between individuals?

But its assumption that the bonds are in the hands of rich men is without foundation. There are few men, or women, who have a few hundred dollars saved, and have not invested in bonds. Our circulating medium of the national banks is founded on bonds—the national faith pledged to redeem them. When our currency does not stand on a metallic foundation, it is little better than Confederate paper. The money in the pocket of the poor man, as well as in the vault of the rich, goes down to its value as waste paper, or, at least, is depreciated to a ruinous degree. As money goes down, the price of everything goes up. Wheat is always weighed against gold and the price of labor. A bushel, or a gold dollar, is the average worth of a day's work of an unskilled laborer. No change in the money market makes any material change in these relative values, in years of ordinary plenty; and if you take away confidence by annulling the coin payment of interest on our bonds, you take away the value of the money already in circulation, and only increase the labor of paper makers, engravers and printers in manufacturing promises to represent dollars made of other promises.

But in a national point of view, anything but the honest payment of our debt, in honest coin, is ruin, present or prospective. No one believes we could have borrowed the money necessary to carry on the war, if those loaning it had not believed we would pay in coin. We kept up the value of greenbacks by taking them in payment for bonds, which we promised to pay in coin. If we fail to keep that promise, where should we go for the means to carry us through any future war? The question answers itself in the returning echo, "Where?"

REBELS VOTING.

A Washington special to the *Post* gives the following rare piece of information:

"COL. MOSBY.—Colonel Mosby, of partisan celebrity, is here, but leaves in a few days for Virginia to vote, illustrating the absurdity of the reconstruction act. While his right to vote is not questioned, that privilege is denied to the Postmaster of his town, Warrenton, because he was once Sheriff, and took the oath to support the Constitution, under the State which disqualified him."

How does it come that Mosby's right to vote is not questioned? The Reconstruction Act disfranchises him, and all such as he. The question was raised "Does the President's pardon give the right of franchise?" and was squarely settled in the negative. On no other ground, than Executive clemency, could Mosby claim the right to live, much less to vote; and if he does vote, in Virginia, it is by some evasion of the Law. The *Post* must give its readers credit for a rare lack of information when it dare make such a statement, in regard to the the Reconstruction Act, and the fact that it does so, proves that the democracy, for whom it supplies news, are influenced by the feelings of natural justice, which would exclude such men as Mosby from sovereign power in the government they sought to destroy. The *Post* no doubt does its readers justice in taking it for granted they would be indignant at the party which should permit such men to vote, on terms of equality with the patriots who saved the government from their traitor steel. Its little mistake consists in reversing the positions of the Republican and Democratic parties—of the Reconstruction Act and its opposing policy. Those disfranchise the Mosbys of the South, and enfranchise her loyal men, while these would enfranchise the Mosbys, Forrests and Beauregards, and disfranchise the men who upheld the government against their assassin blows.

BOOK NOTICES.

MODERN PALMISTRY; or, The Book of the Hand. By A. B. Craig; with illustrations. New York: American News Company. Pittsburgh: John W. Pittock.

A new treatise on an old and perhaps obsolete science, in which one becomes mixed up with Egyptians and Gypsies, and mystic signs and lines until the head swims. Any one who believes in this science, any one who thinks the lines of the hand are as full of expression as the bumps upon the head, or any one who wishes to investigate the old idea well revived, should read this book of Mr. Craig's.

AN ESSAY ON MAN. By Alexander Pope. With fifteen illustrations and notes by S. H. Wells. One vol., 12 mo., fancy cloth, bevelled boards. New York: 389 Broadway. Pittsburgh: John W. Pittock.

CONDENSED NOVELS. By F. Bret Harte, with comic illustrations. New York: G. W. Carleton & Co. Pittsburgh: John W. Pittock.

A new comic publication with no pretempt at deformed orthography is almost refreshing, after the flood of A. Ward's imitators. "Condensed Novels" is a collection of broad burlesques of the styles of the most prominent authors. Some of these are good enough, and some are not; but there is not one of them that has not enough point in it to provoke a smile on the face of any one familiar with modern fiction. The illustrations are comic, principally on account of their roughness.

A BOOK ABOUT LAWYERS. By John Cordy Jeaffreson. New York: G. W. Carleton & Co. J. W. Pittock, Pittsburgh.

Almost every one will remember the racy, pleasant, learned and entertaining book which appeared some years ago, called "A Book About Doctors." It met with, and deserved, a large sale, and this book about lawyers is by the same wise and genial author. Full of wit and gossip anecdotes, and pleasant statistics, it is sure to be met as a pleasant companion always should be, and it will surely find, in many a library, a place in that home nook reserved for the cherished book friends. Although an English book, and written about English lawyers, it is just as entertaining as if written on this side of the Atlantic.

RICHMOND DURING THE WAR. By a Richmond Lady. New York: G. W. Carleton & Co. Pittsburgh: John W. Pittock.

This is another war book viewed from a stand point the other side of Mason & Dixon's line. The Southern lady has written for Southern readers, and dedicated her book to her Southern sisters, all of which will not prevent Northern people from trying to get a look at the war through her glasses, and she does not seem to be as one-sided in her statements as some of her brother rebels.

TITAN AGONISTES. The Story of an Outcast. New York: G. W. Carleton & Co. Pittsburgh: For sale by John W. Pittock.

Another war novel. The scene is laid in the border and Southern States, and the time is that immediately preceding the rebellion. All of the incidents, excepting those which appertain to the hero, are historical. The wonderful predictions in regard to events now past are vouched for as genuine, and the interest is successfully carried throughout the book. It is, perhaps, a pity that this book should have had so many predecessors in the same path, but the popular desire for war books is not yet satiated, and this one is much better than many that came earlier into the field.

AGRICULTURAL AND DOMESTIC.

Ventilation of Sleeping Rooms.

Sleeping rooms, which should be in the upper stories of the house, should be thoroughly ventilated. A full sized man takes into his lungs at each breath about a pint of air; while in there all the life nutriment is extracted from it, and on its being sent out of the body it is so entirely destitute of life giving power that if rebreathed into the lungs again, without the admixture of any pure air, the individual would suffocate, would die in sixty seconds. As a man breathes about eighteen times in a minute, and a pint at one breath, he consumes over two hogsheads of air every hour, or about sixteen hogsheads during eight hours of sleep; that is, if a man were put in a room which would hold sixteen hogsheads of air, he would during eight hours sleep, extract from it every atom of life nutriment, and would die at the end of eight hours, even if each breath could be kept to itself, provided no air came into the room from without.

One of the best ways to admit air into rooms is to drop one or more windows from the top. When they are not hung on pulleys and weights, this can be done by cutting off a few inches of the strips which support the upper sash. Preserve the pieces so cut off, and when it is desirable to close the windows adjust them to their places.

Farmers should not forget that all breathing animals require pure air as much as nutricious food; and one who would preserve them in health should see that his stables and henhouses are well ventilated and carefully cleaned.

Cheap Dwellings.

Those who have plenty of money can purchase the brains of an architect to tell how to construct a house, if they have none of their own; but those who have but little money must plan their own houses, perhaps build them. The popular method of constructing wood houses, particularly cottages, has not been by any means the most economical that can be devised. From thirty to forty per cent. more lumber has been used than is necessary, and much labor expended that is wholly concealed when the house is completed, and altogether unnecessary. A dwelling should by all means not be constructed as we would build a warehouse or a grain elevator. It is never subjected to any test of its strength and wooden cottages never fall down so long as they have a good foundation and those little repairs which all houses must have to stand the ravages of time. No square timber, and but a few scantlings are required in a small cottage. Morocco and tenons are of no account—indeed they are a positive detriment, while braces are equally useless.

The studding of a house may as well be made of inch boards four inches wide, as of double that thickness. These studs will hold the nails of the siding and lath just as well as those two inches in thickness. Just so the floor joists may be of inch boards six inches wide. Having laid up the cellar walls of stone and leveled them at the top, boards should be laid on this wall to form a sill. The bents of the frame may then be set up, one after anothers, and stayed till the siding can be put on. These bents may be made on the floor joist, studs, cross joints for the ceiling and rafters, all nailed together firmly with cut nails, while lying upon the ground. Every piece of siding nailed to this frame tends to make it firmer and stiffer, and so do the laths upon which the mortar is to be spread. The partitions made in like manner, well secured, also tend to stiffen the whole fabric. With here and there a good support in the floor, such a house, when completed, would be just as desirable for all practical purposes as one of the same size containing nearly twice as much material, and it would certainly be just as warm. A cottage with five or six rooms may be speedily constructed on this principle, at a much less cost than in the popular style of building. This a substantial building could be constructed on Government leased lands about Chicago, and they are deemed very comfortable, and their strength and safety are not questioned. Some method must be devised to cheapen the cost of dwellings, and we know of none that commends itself so well as this that we have suggested.—*Rural American.*

To Keep Sweet Potatoes over Winter.

The farmers in this region of country have great difficulty in keeping sweet potatoes through the winter. A "Jerseyman," who was partly raised in a sweet potatoe "patch," informs us how they keep their potatoes in Jersey. We ate a few days ago a potato of last year's production, brought from Jersey, and it was "just as good as new." The Jerseymen have long since discarded the different modes of packing in sand, leaves, saw dust, or any thing else. They simply dig their potatoes in a dry spell, before frost, lay them out on the ground to dry in the sun, and before the few of evening begins to fall they haul out to the "patch" the boxes and barrels they propose to put the potatoes in, and load them in carefully, (handling them all the while as carefully as eggs, so as not to bruise them.) They then haul them to the house and pile up the boxes and barrels in a corner of the kitchen careful y, so as not to bruise them; and if kept at the right temperature through the winter they are bound to keep, if you don't eat them.

Flesh-Forming Elements of Food.

A hungry gentleman who sits down before a pound of beefsteak, tender, juicy, and an inch thick, may not care two ons for a chemical analysis of the pride of the porter house; but after dinner he may not object to know that sixty-five per cent of this beautiful cut was water; that eighteen per cent. will go to give him an aldermanic fleshiness; and that fourteen per cent. is assigned to warm him, and make him feel comfortable on a cold day. Of the flesh-forming ingredients, according to Dr. Playfair, every one, on an average, requires ninety-two pounds annually to keep up a proper bodily condition. If it is not obtained from porter house steaks, then it must be secured from something else. Cheese is a great flesh-former (thirty per cent.) and, taken with lager, speedily conceals all traces of unsightly bones. Two ounces of flesh-formers per diem will keep a man alive if he is not forced to labor, but hard labor requires six, or they will run short of starch and sugar, and go behindhand in health and strength. In 100 oats of wheat there are 10 pounds of flesh, but nearly double the amount is the same quantity of oatmeal, which may justify the preference of Scotchmen, in spite of Dr. Johnson's lexicographical sarcasm.

What is a Darling?

It is the dear, little, beaming girl who meets one on the doorstep; who flings her arms around one's neck, and kisses one with her whole soul of love; who seizes one's hat; who relieves one of one's coat, and hands the tea and toast so prettily; who places her elfish form at the piano and warbles forth unsolicited, such delicious songs; who casts herself at one's footstool, and clasps one's hand, and asks eager, unheard of questions, with such bright eyes and flushing face, and on whose light flossy curls, one places one's hand and breathes "God bless her!" as the fairy form departs. But there is an angel following her footsteps who is not visible to us, but who is anxious to bear our darling from us, and in the mind's eye its white shadow flits between us and the darling of our hearth.

Our lady readers who are preserving and canning peaches will perhaps be glad to learn that the parings which are usually considered worthless may be used to some account. A lady informs us that a very toothsome syrup can be made by adding a little water to the parings and stones, boiling them thoroughly, and after straining the juice, add sugar sufficient to make it palatable. (Common sugar will answer. Try it. The same is true of apple parings. Apple sauce is greatly improved by cleaning the fruit carefully before paring, taking out all decayed pieces, then boiling the parings and cores, straining and cooking the apple in the juice thus obtained.

PRESERVATION OF EGGS.—*Le Bettier* (a Parisian paper) recommends the following method for the preservation of eggs: Dissolve four ounces of beeswax in eight ounces of warm olive oil; in this put the tip of the finger and anoint the egg all around. The oil will immediately be absorbed by the shell, and the pores filled up with the wax. If kept in a cool place the eggs, after two years, will be as good as if fresh laid.

ONE of the most annoying of so-called "little" troubles is a felon, and a genuine remedy is worth circulating. One who has tried it says that a poultice of onions, applied morning, noon and night, will cure a felon. No matter how bad the case, lancing the finger will be unnecessary if this poultice be used. The remedy is a sure, safe and speedy one.

IT IS a poor practice to h use up a thousand bushels of grain, waiting for a rise, till one-tenth has gone to feed the rats and mice, and the remainder smells like the essence of rat, and the price is down forty per cent.

BLACK currant leaves are recommended instead of tea by a French medical journal. They are much used by country people in France.

THE Yale *Courant* says that this has been an unusually good year for endowments; that the wealthy have been almost unprecedentedly liberal; and then gives the following list of Colleges which have received endowments. It apologises for omitting some, but it was unable to get any reply from some of the colleges to which it wrote. It is pleasant to see our University so well up in the list—tenth in a list of thirty one:

Alston College, Albion, Mich	$ 25,000
Baldwin University, Berea, Ohio	125,000
Beloit College, Beloit, Wis	18,000
Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Me	17,000
College of New Jersey, Princeton	20,000
Cornell University, New York	200,000
Cornell College, Mt. Vernon, Ohio	25,000
Cumberland University, Lebin, Tenn	25,000
Dartmouth Coll ge, Hanover, N. H	33,000
Dickinson College, Carlisle, Penn	150,000
Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y	94,000
Hanover College, Hanover, Ind	20,000
Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass	400,000
Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio	35,000
Lafayette College, Easton, Penn	20,000
Lawrence University, Appleton, Wis	20,000
McKendree College, Lebanon, Ill	20,000
N W Christ. Univ. Indianapolis, Ind	25,000
Norwich University, North Bend, Vt	16,000
Oberlin College, Oberlin, Ohio	34,000
Otterbein University, Westerville, O	50,000
Rutgers College, N. Brunswick, N. J	50,000
Shurtleff College, Upper Alton, Ill	80,000
Tufts College, Medford, Mass	100,000
University of Mississippi, Oxford	25,000
University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill	100,000
Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Ind	40,000
Washington University, St. Louis, Mo	100,000
Wesleyan University, Middletown, Ct	98,000
Western University, Pittsburgh, Pa	50,000
Yale College, New Haven, Conn	400,000
Total of 31 Colleges	$3,011,000

—One of our country exchanges tells the following rather tough story. If true, it is the most remarkable on record: "An accident of a remarkable nature occurred in the woods of a neighboring town last week, by which a man was thrown eighty feet into the air. He was standing on a balance tree lying across a large log, to see another tree come down, when the tree in its falling course struck the other end of the tree on which he was standing, and the tremendous weight of it coming on the spring lever threw him like a shot into the air. The remarkable part of the story remains to be told. When at his highest elevation the man caught hold of the top of a tree about fifteen feet from the trunk, and remained suspended by the arms until the person who had felled the tree traveled a distance of five miles and returned with help and a ladder before he could be released from his perilous condition. He was found in the same position as when left, evidently in the best of spirits, for he was whistling Yankee Doodle, and making a strong fight with his feet against a delegation of wasps that were endeavoring to build a nest in the seat of his pants. He said, upon reaching the ground, that he had a 'heal by time' with the 'varmints,' and attributed his powers of endurance wholly to the hotly contested canvass he had with the 'critters' by their persistent 'fire in the rear,' and the tremendous excitement incident thereto. If that man ever gets into office he will be a fixture for the rest of his life. He will know how to hang on to it."

THE New York *Times* thus discourses on men with claims, and particularly Parson Brownlow:

We are rather glad to see Parson Brownlow's bid for the Senatorship, and hope he will be elected. He does infinite mischief as Executive of Tennessee—he will do none as Senator at Washington. Supreme where he is now, in Washington his eccentricities will be toned down, and he will be forced to trot in the traces. Besides, Brownlow is a man who has "claims"—claims on the party, on the people, on the universe generally. Men with claims have to be disposed of somehow, and the only question is, "how," most expeditiously and with the least discomfort. He is an elephant that even in the pottery, and what shall be done with him is the question of the hour. He has himself proposed the best solution, and we trust it will be gratefully accepted.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.

SPEER'S PURE GRAPE WINE.

One hundred dozen of this pure Wine received this day. Also, a large assortment of California Wines and Brandies, for sale at the very lowest rates, at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S

Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,

No. 84 Market St., cor. of the Diamond.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.
COE'S COUGH BALSAM.

Twenty gross of these valuable medicines just received and for sale at very low rates, at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,

No. 84 Market St., cor. of the Diamond.

SYSTEMS RUN DOWN.

Persons often allow their systems to "run down," or rather run them down by overwork, accompanied by a neglect of the proper means of invigoration. The result is what is called "general debility;" in other words, a failure in the general tone of the physical system, accompanied usually, by great depression of spirits. The best remedy France knows is HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. Whether the state of exhaustion has been brought on by excessive physical labor, fatigued by a hot day of toil, exposure, or any other cause, the remedial effect of this great stomachic will be found equally prompt and certain. As a rule, rather, after several hours' experience of its beneficial effects, it is pronounced, by competent medical authority, "the best tonic in use." If men were not so fiddle-faddle careless about their health, and ever confident in themselves, they would always, when engaged in any work that required great exertion, use corresponding means of sustaining their strength. For this purpose HOSTETTER'S BITTERS are invaluable. All boilers should use them as an invigorant. For those constantly employed in the operations especially in over-heated rooms, they may be relied on as a very safe protection of health. Where there is a predisposition to constipation, or a tendency to biliousness, they may be freely used as a specific for either, there is no substitute.

BLIND EYES RESTORED.

The case to which we alluded some weeks ago, of Christiana Fisher, of Beaver county, is now entirely confirmed by the appearance of Miss Fisher herself, who to-day called on Dr. KEYSER in person, to thank him for his genius and skill in restoring her TO ENTIRE AND PERFECT SIGHT. Miss Fisher had been nearly blind for four months. She was so blind that she could not distinguish any object so as to make out what it was. The case is remarkable, as hundreds of cases like hers are doomed to never-ending darkness, on the plea that there is no cure, and nothing can be done. She was under DOCTOR KEYSER'S treatment for two months, and before she applied to him through her brother, Simon P. Fisher, had no hopes whatever entertained of her ever seeing her sight. Her case is well known in the neighborhood where she resides, and has been regarded as one of extraordinary recovery.

We, the undersigned, know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the facts above stated.

CHRISTINA FISHER,
SIMON P. FISHER, (brother,)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Tassey Avenue, Allegheny.
EUGENE MCCASKEY,
LOUISA FISHER, (her neice.)

DR. KEYSER'S OFFICE and CONSULTATION ROOMS, No. 126 PENN STREET, corner of Evans alley.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. HINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

The undersigned is prepared to furnish all kinds of SCHOOL BOOKS and their accompaniments, to purchasers at the most reasonable wholesale prices. Also, BLANK BOOKS and STATIONERY, LESCH'S PATENT SLATE and SLATE SURFACE, for blackboards. All orders promptly attended to.

C. G. HEINEMAN,
113 Third St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. REA THOMPSON,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

LAKE, RIVER AND SEA FISH,

BUTTER AND EGGS,

No. 25 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh.

☞We keep open until 9 o'clock on Saturday evenings.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUPERIOR COAL.

C. CHERRY & CO.,

Miners and Shippers of PITTSBURGH, GAS, Steam and FAMILY COAL. NUT COAL and COKE. Office and Yard, corner FOURTH and WATSON (formerly Canal) STREETS, Pittsburgh. P. O. Box 1032. oc1

NEW STYLES

BISMARK AND GRECIAN

SUITS,

The newest styles for the fall season, of BOYS' SUITS.

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

THE MAGNOLIA FARM,

150 ACRES,

Located near McKeesport, not far from Elrod's station, on the Connellsville railroad. New House, in excellent condition; barn excelled by few in the country. All improvements on the place are modern and of the best kind. Soil unsurpassed by any in the country for farming, fruit, grapes, &c., in abundance. Never-failing springs abound. Coal bank open. Fences perfect. Will be sold cheap. Apply to

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

No. 66 Smithfield street.

oct23-d1

LADIES' FURS,

MISSES' FURS,

GENTS' FURS.

An endless variety of super or quality, selling at the lowest prices. Also, all the new styles

HATS and CAPS,

AT

McCORD & CO.'S,

No. 101 WOOD STREET.

oct21

CITY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, October 19th, 1867.

NOTICE.—In the Court of Quarter Sessions, No. 15, September T., 1868.

WIDENING OF WEBSTER STREET.

All persons interested will take notice that the Report of the Viewers has been filed in my office, and in the absence of exceptions shall be paid within thirty days from this date, it will be my duty to collect the same according to law.

All property between Grant and Cantham streets has been assessed for payment of damages.

J. F. SLAGLE,
City Solicitor.

oct22-30

SHEPHARD'S

CRACKERS,

317 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

VELVET SACQUES,

CLOTH SACQUES,
BROCHA SHAWLS,
WOOL SHAWLS,

New styles, for sale by

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 FIFTH STREET.

o 22

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED TRUNK HOUSE IN THE CITY.

W. J. GILMORE,

(Successor to GILMORE & FISHER.)

Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

TRUNKS,

Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.

☞A large assortment of LADIES' SATCHELS always on hand.

No. 106 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

STEUBENVILLE

FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE WINTER SESSION WILL OPEN NOVEMBER 6th.

REDUCTION OF TERMS.

BOARD &c. Furnished Room and Light, per session of five months.....$40.00
Tuition, according to Class.....$ 6.00 to $ 8.00
Washing, fire of coal.....
For more terms a deduction of 15 per cent. is made for the daughters of clergymen and officers.

Rev. D. C. BEATY, D. D., LL.D.,
Rev. J. R. HELM, A.M., Principal.
Prof. J. L. PEYTON, A.M.,
oct19-35

ESTABLISHED IN 1842.

J. T. WRAY & BROS.,

SUCCESSORS TO M. CONNOLLY,

STEAM CRACKER BAKERY,

29 and 31 Irwin Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

W. S. JACKSON.....ALEXANDER FREW.

JACKSON & FREW,

(Successors to LOUGHERY & FREW,)

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Harness, Saddlery, Trunks, &c.,

And will also keep on hand and import from Eastern markets all the late patterns, styles and improvements in

Blankets, Robes, Rugs and Horse Furnishing Goods,

A large new Warehouse,

No. 102 Wood Street.

oct19

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

In the matter of ROBERT WHITE and JAMES DONALD, partners as WHITE & DONALD, bankrupts.

To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of ROBERT WHITE and JAMES DONALD, partners as WHITE & DONALD, of the City of Allegheny, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said District. Dated at Pittsburgh this 14th day of October, A. D. 1867.

JOHN B. INGHAM,
Assignee, &c.

LEWIS RIX.....NICHOLAS SCHWARTZ.

RIX & SCHWARTZ,

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturers of

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,

And Dealers in COOKING STOVES AND HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

TIN ROOFING AND JOB WORK DONE TO ORDER.

No. 118 SMITHFIELD STREET, opp. the Post Office, and No. 44 ALLEY FIVE, near the Theatre,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

OFFICE OF THE
MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS CO.,
No. 101 Wood street,
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 22, 1867.

THIS COMPANY is now prepared to carry Money, Freights and Packages to Cleveland, Toledo, Chicago, Detroit, Buffalo, Rochester and Albany, through the Cleveland & Pittsburgh and Lake Shore Railroad, with promptness and dispatch.

Express cars for Erie at 6 a. m.
" " Cleveland at 6:15 a. m. and 7 p. m.
" " Wheeling and Bellaire at 6:15 a. m.

This Company is constantly extending its lines, and are soon to be able to reach every important point in the Union.

WM. LITTLE, Agent.

JOSEPH M. GAZZAM.....JAMES M. BUTTERFIELD
M. A. M'MASTER.

M'MASTER, GAZZAM & BUTTERFIELD,

Attorneys & Counselors-at-Law,

AND SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Office, 98 GRANT STREET,

OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.

REMOVAL.

GREAT SALE AT COST!

My large stock of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS is offered at cost. I am preparing to move into my new building, No. 139 SMITHFIELD ST., between Fifth and Sixth streets, and will dispose of my present stock at VERY LOW PRICES.

JOHN H. MELLOR,
No. 139 Smithfield street.

oct18-30

EVENING CLASS

FOR DRAWING.

An Evening Class will be opened on the 7th of October, at the School of Design, Phelan's Building, 54 Fifth street. Pupils taught Drawing, Painting, Architecture, Mechanics, and all other branches and ladies will be taught Drawing in Crayon.

E. K. HAYHURST,
Principal.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY WORK-HOUSE.—Proposals will be received until the 25th day of October for the MASONRY AND EXCAVATIONS required in the erection of portions of the County Work House. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of BARR & MOSER, Architects. Bids to be left with GEO. ALSHUER, Secretary of Board, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh.

oct16-25 BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

$15,000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

G. M. PETTY,

No. 69 Smithfield Street,

Real Estate bought and sold. v24

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

PEOPLE'S ASSOCIATION BUILDING, Nos. 8 and 9 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Special attention given to the Designing and Superintendence of

PERRY BONHAM,

PUMP MAKER,

And manufacturer of all kinds of WOODEN PUMPS. No. 33 THIRD STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.

N. B.—Special attention given to the manufacture of City Pumps. 1831-d30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MANFELD & CO.'S

PRAIRIE FLOWER

FINE-CUT TOBACCO,

IN BULK.

Tots celebrated Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco is perfectly pure, without any admixture of stems or trimmings, with which the ordinary Chewing Tobacco is contaminated.

For sale Wholesale and Retail, at

CHAS. C. BAER'S,

Dealer in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes and Smoking Tobacco,

108 WOOD STREET.

oct23-g46

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY,

PITTSBURGH, PA., Sept. 4th, 1867.

WE HAVE THIS DAY admitted

MR. ROBERT LIDDELL

as a partner, and will continue the Brewing and selling business under the name and style of SPENCER, M'KAY & CO. The business of the firm of PATTERSON & M'KAY will be settled at the office of SPENCER, M'KAY & CO., and we would respectfully call the attention of the friends and customers of the late firm to the importance of having all the outstanding notes and accounts settled, and also the necessity of having all the empty casks of P. & M'K. returned promptly returned, to enable us to close up all old accounts on our books.

JOS. SPENCER,
JAS. M'KAY.

Calling attention to the above, we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the firm of SPENCER & M'KAY, feeling assured that, by strict attention to business, and by using the best quality of Malt and Hops in the brewing of our Ales and Porters, we will merit the liberal patronage and maintain the high character of excellence for which we have been so long noted.

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.

JOS. SPENCER,
JAS. M'KAY,
ROBT. LIDDELL.

oct23-g60

FOR FRAGRANT TEAS,

CHOICE COFFEE,

AND

PURE SPICES,

GO TO

ROBINSON'S,

No. 20 Fifth Street.

STONE DRAIN PIPE,

For Sewerage.

This pipe is the best and cheapest medium for sewerage or drain purposes known.

20,000 FEET

FOR SALE BY

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

No. 167 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Highest Market Price

PAID FOR

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

GOLD, SILVER,

COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,

J. F. STARK & CO., Bankers,

Cor. WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.

J. S. SPENCER.....JAS. M'KAY.....ROBERT LIDDELL.

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

OF

Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. oct8

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.

J. LYONS,

No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the FINEST STYLE OF GILT, ROSEWOOD and WALNUT OVAL and SQUARE MIRROR, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES, Curtain Cornice, Bands and Buttons, Consols, Tripod and Bracket Tables of exquisite design and workmanship.

GILDING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the art.

PRICES MODERATE. oct8-mwfw8

STAIR RODS,

In Bronze, Fire Gilt and Silver,

With Patent Fastening, which prevents the rod slipping from the bracket, and the wear of springs, and can be adjusted in an instant.

Manufactured only by

W. T. & J. MERSEREAU,

62 DUANE STREET, New York.

☞Ask for MERSEREAU'S Patent. Sold by all Carpet Dealers. oct19-g61

OPENED THIS DAY.

REAL POINT LACES,

BARBES, COLLARS AND

HANDKERCHIEFS,

VALENCIA LACE EDGES,

New style FANCY CASHMERE HOSE,

AT

F. H. EATON'S,

16 FIFTH STREET.

oct14

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY.

SEATON & CO.,

Local Collecting Agents.

P. O. BOX, 541. PITTSBURGH.

Bills of all descriptions taken for collection. No charge made where Bills are not collected.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE,

No. 424 PENN STREET.

Also, 135 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.

oct7-1yr

JAPANNING,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, BY

WILLIAM LLOYD,

No. 3 St. Clair Street, PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Grocers' Tea Canisters Re-Japanned equal to new.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Warm Air Registers and Ventilators,

Black or White Enamelled, Square or Round, at

BISSELL & CO.'S,

No. 235 LIBERTY ST.

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND

and make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, VEHICLES, LIGHT MILES, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS,

At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Pennsylvania, Allegheny City.

JAMES M'CLURE & CO.
THEODORE SCHWEDER & CO.

A. STETTLER SONS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks,

And SHEET IRON WORK, of all kinds.

Locust St., Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh.

oct18

H. K. TYLER.....T. F. ROBINSON.

TYLER & ROBINSON,

(Successors to JAMES CHARLES,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

LOG PUMPS,

And all kinds of WOODEN TUBING, corner of WEST and THIRD STS., Allegheny City. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Repairing done on the shortest notice. oct18-m3

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

Between Liberty and Ferry streets, Orders promptly attended to. oct18-m29

D. R. ECKER,

DEALER IN

CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE, STONE HEARTH, WHITE LIME, CHIMNEY TOPS, And WATER PIPES.

Office and Warehouse, 187 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House. oct18

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Oct. 7, 1867.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS for grading, paving and curbing Lumber street, from Penn street to Mudberry alley, Ninth ward, will be received at THIS OFFICE until MONDAY, OCTOBER 14TH, 1867.

H. J. MOORE,
City Engineer.

JACOB WEAVER JR. & CO.,

General Patent Agency,

No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN ROTH.....J. F. ROTH.

JOHN ROTH & SON,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, RUMS,

WHISKIES &c., &c,

307 Liberty Street,

OPPOSITE SMITHFIELD STREET.

Beg leave to inform their friend and the public in general that they have opened their wholesale store, at the above place, and are now ready to fill all orders in their line, to the satisfaction of all who will favor them.

On long and well established reputation of JOHN ROTH will be a sufficient guarantee for the superior qualities and purity of their goods, and it will be their aim to uphold the same.

For medical purposes, particular attention is directed to their large stock of

OLD GERMAN WINE,

And superior qualities of

FRENCH COGNACS.

Orders left at No. 26 DIAMOND, will also be promptly attended to.

JOHN ROTH & SON.

oct23-g31

TO IRON FOUNDERS.

OFFICE BOARD WATER COMMISSIONERS,
CITY OF ST. LOUIS, October 15, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, indorsed "Proposals for Cast Iron Water Pipe," and directed to the Board of Water Commissioners, City of St. Louis, will be received at the office of the Board of Water Commissioners, Southeast corner of Fourth and Elm streets, city of St. Louis, UNTIL TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON, OF MONDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1867, for furnishing—

1,600 tons of 36-inch water pipe, class A.

200 tons of 36-inch water pipe class B.

80 tons of special castings.

The delivery of the pipe and castings to commence on the first day of April, 1868, and the whole to be completed on or before the first day of August, 1868.

Specifications, with form of proposal and contract, can be obtained on application at the Engineer's office as above.

The amount of security required will be $ 0,000. The securities must be resident freeholders of the county of St. Louis.

The Board reserves to itself the right to reject all bids, should they consider it for the

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

FRENCH MERINOS,

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 87 Market Street.

FRENCH MERINOS, for $1.00.
FRENCH POPLIN PLAIDS.
PLAIN VALLEUR POPLINS.
BLACK LUSTRES, wide.
PLAIN BLACK SILKS.
FANCY SILKS.

Remember the place,

No. 87 MARKET STREET.

oc22

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

A Splendid Stock of Fresh Goods,

AT LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

New Dress and Cloak TRIMMINGS.
Super Trimming and Bonnet RIBBONS.
New styles of GLOVES and HOSIERY.
EMBROIDERIES, of all kinds.
Barzelai'a LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.
The new "GLOVE FITTING CORSET."
HAIR PLAITS & WATERFALLS, new style.
Evening SHAWLS and CIRCULARS, new.

A NEW LOT OF
FASHIONABLE JET AND BOGWOOD JEWELRY.
The "Star Shirt,"
Suspenders, Ties,
And a complete line of FALL AND WINTER
UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS.

We have just opened a choice line of
Fancy Articles and Notions,
Which we offer to CASH BUYERS at EASTERN PRICES. Another lot of those superior made Ladies' Promenade Satchels and Traveling Bags

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

oc24

THE NEW

BOULEVARD SKIRT,

FOR LADIES AND MISSES,

In Plain, Braided and Embroidered.

Also, Real Tartan Cashmere Hose,

In all colors and sizes; best assortment we ever had. Also, a full assortment of

Ladies' & Misses' Underwear,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS;

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

Traveling and Fine Shirts,

COLLARS, TIES, SUSPENDERS,

SOCKS, &c.,

TOGETHER WITH A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Ladies' Dress Trimmings,

Of every description.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES, ETC.

MERCHANTS FROM CITY AND COUNTRY are especially invited to come and examine our goods. We feel confident we can suit all, and will sell

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 AND 80 MARKET STREET.

oc15

NEW GOODS.

AT

DENNISON & HECKERT'S,

NO. 27 FIFTH STREET,

We are now receiving our

FALL GOODS,

To which we invite the attention of our friends and customers.

DENNISON & HECKERT.

sc14tw

NEW GOODS.

M. G. EUWER.....S. LONG.

EUWER & LONG,

Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

Invite attention to their new stock of FALL GOODS.

WATERPROOF CLOTH,
BARKE'S FLANNELS,
SHAWLS, BLANKETS,
MACHINE ALPACCAS.

Also, a full stock of NOTIONS. Prices low, at

No. 61 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY,

Four doors East of the Diamond.

oc8

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 34 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEAM ENGINES

And Machinist's Tools

FOR SALE.

2 STEAM ENGINES from 8 to 35 horse power.
6 ENGINE LATHES, from 6 feet to 16½ feet bed.
2 PLANING MACHINES.
1 PLANER MACHINE; Plane 6 feet by 30 in.
1 Large and 1 Small SCREW CUTTING MACHINE.
1 SPUR SHEARING and 1 GEAR CUTTING MACHINE.
Wood Lathes, for Smith Forges and Tools.
Vices, Drill Presses, Stocks, Dies and Taps, Flat Drills, Reeboos, Mandrils, Gastongs, Common and Patent Drill Braces, Clamps, &c., together with a large variety of small tools, such as are required in all Machine Shops.

The above Machinery can be seen in operation at the "Penn Machine Works," No. 182 Lacock street, Allen heny City, until 1st November.

For information by mail address

HUGH WISEMAN,

oc14:27:d2f 46 Sandusky St., Allegheny.

SIEBERT'S

NEW SHOE HOUSE,

SIGN OF BIG BOOT.

A large and well assorted stock of LADIES', GENTS and YOUTHS'

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,

Of our own make, just opened at

252 LIBERTY STREET,

Under Academy of Music.

oct4

SCHOOL BOOKS

AT WHOLESALE.

Country Dealers are invited to call and examine our extensive stock of

SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,

93 WOOD STREET, cor. Diamond alley.

oc6

FRED. ANDERSON.....THOS. C. WILSON.
(Late of Anderson & Meyers.)

ANDERSON & WILSON,

Merchant Tailors,

AND DEALERS IN

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

129 FOURTH STREET, near Smithfield.

Just received, our Fall and Winter Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Over-coatings and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, which we are prepared to make up in the latest styles, at reasonable prices. Call and see us. oc8:2m

S. S. BRYAN,

BROKER IN

BONDS, STOCKS,

AND REAL ESTATE,

Apollo Building, Fourth Street,

Bank, Insurance and Municipal Bonds, and all kinds of Stocks bought and sold on commission. Mortgages bought and sold. yd

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
GREEN OIL CLOTH,
(For Window Shades,)
And OIL SILK OIL CLOTHS.

In every variety of quality and styles. Wholesale and retail buyers will find it to their advantage to go to our store and learn prices before purchasing elsewhere. Warerooms, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

J. & S. PHILLIPS,

Manufacturers and Dealers.

se27

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! Just published, in a sealed envelope, price SIX CENTS, a Lecture on the Natural Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness; Involuntary Emissions, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M.D., author of the green book, &c. New Book to Thousands of Sufferers. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. By CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., 127 Bowery, New York Post Office Box 4,586. Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. aug30:d&wly

WASHINGTON MILLS,

Washington Street, near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator.

W. W. ANDERSON,

Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city, free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped and Corn shelled, on short notice.

se9:1m

CONFECTIONERIES, &c.

HENRY W. GORBACH,

Confectionery and Bakery,

No. 200 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Between Seventh and Liberty.

LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c.,

At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER

No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

je28:m6

PAINTERS.

WESLEY COULTER.....JOHN LANE.

COULTER & LANE,

House and Sign Painters,

No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh,

(Opposite Cathedral.)

GLASS CARDS done to order.

W. R. ROWLAND.....W. M. HARRIS.

ROWLAND & HARRIS,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

CALCIMINING done in the best manner.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 133 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy2:ly

P. B. HUTCHINSON.....S. J. REPBURN.

HUTCHINSON & REPBURN,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 88 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

REMOVAL.

JOHN F. CLULEY,

House and Sign Painter,

Has removed to

No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Opposite the old stand.

my9:ly27

ROBERT M'COWAN.....JNO. SNYDER.

McCOWAN & SNYDER,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 95, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.

Commercial and glass signs made to order.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly executed. Mixed Paints, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand. ap8:1y

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Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed. au29:ly

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YOEST BROTHERS,

House Carpenters and Builders.

All kinds of Jobbing and Building promptly attended to. Orders left at No. 449 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, and No. 15 PEARL ST., Bloomfield.

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Contracts taken for Buildings, Store Fronts, and Jobbing. Particular attention given to Heavy Framing for Foundries and Shops, of all descriptions.

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Office, corner of BAKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

Jobbing and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jy9:1y73

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Successors to WAMELINK & BARE,

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Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

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The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. ap7:1y66

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.—The purest in tone; the most powerful; the most elegant finished; will stand in tune longer than any other. New stock just received.

For sale at less than factory prices.

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Residence—22 Palo Alto St., Second Ward.

Horses skilfully treated for all curable diseases, and satisfaction guaranteed.

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HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., for hire. Particular attention paid to purchase and sale of Horses.

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Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearse and Carriages for funerals.

Horses kept at livery. my2:y68

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

This Court assembled yesterday at ten a. m. Present—Judges Strong, Thompson, Read and Agnew. Absent—Ch. J. Woodward.

Hart et al. vs Girard Borough, Erie county. Argued by Walker, for plaintiff in error, and by Woodruff, contra.

A. Stewart Davis, of Crawford county, was, on motion of Hon. G. Church, duly admitted to practice in this court.

Adams et al. vs. Palmer et al., Erie county, continued.

Neil vs. Caldwell, Jefferson county. Non pros.

White & Doyle vs. The Commonwealth, Erie county, and Thompson vs. Clark, Erie, submitted by J. Ross Thompson for plaintiff in error.

Erie Gas Company vs. Haverstick, Erie county. Argued by Grant for plaintiff in error, and by J. C. Marshall, contra.

Newark Banking Company vs. Second National Bank of Erie county, Erie county. Continued.

Cleveland vs. Farran, Erie county. Argued by Walker for plaintiff in error, and by De Camp contra.

Greely vs. Thomas, Erie county. Argued by J. C. Marshall for plaintiff in error, and De Camp, contra.

United States District Court.

Court met at ten o'clock yesterday morning, Judge McCandless on the bench.

C. S. Fetterman, of Pittsburgh, and S. B. Myers, of Franklin, and George F. Baer, of Somerset county, were on motion admitted and qualified to practice in this Court.

The list of Grand Jurors was called and a quorum being present, Hon. Eli Slifer, formerly Secretary of the Commonwealth, was appointed foreman.

The jury was then charged by the Court, after which they retired.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Gordon, McMillan & Co., vs. Jacob Scott and Frank Allen, partners as Scott & Allen. An issue in bankruptcy before a jury. Defendants reside in Erie, and plaintiffs in Cleveland. Benj. Grant, Esq., appeared for respondents, and F. E. Marshall, Esq., for the petitioning creditors. The jury were directed to bring in a sealed verdict.

INJUNCTIONS DISSOLVED.

In the matters of A. Salzman, Timothy Hanley, Buckling & Marks and Charles L. Hissol, bankrupts, the Court, on motion of R. Brown, Esq., attorney for the Sheriff of Warren county, ordered that the injunctions issued against said Sheriff, and the execution creditors of the bankrupt, be dissolved.

BILLS RETURNED.

The Grand Jury returned the following bills:

Franklin S. Hogle and Joseph Hogle; selling beer without affixing revenue stamps and without paying revenue tax. True bill.

Daniel Sherratt; carrying on the business of a retail dealer without having paid the special tax. True bill.

William Thompson; carrying on the business of a retail dealer without having paid the special tax. True bill.

William Pauly; like charge. True bill.

B. P. and J. Park; like charge. True bill.

John S. Weylan; like charge. True bill.

Helen Sullivan; like charge. True bill.

Helen Scanlon; like charge. True bill.

William Schofield; like charge. True bill.

William Kunz; passing a counterfeit 50 Treasury note. Not a true bill.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

TUESDAY, Oct. 22.—James Rees vs. John Morrow. The Court ordered judgment of non-suit to be entered, under Act of Assembly, and plaintiff's counsel moved the Court to take off the same.

Following is the trial list for this day:

12. D. Fawcett & Co. vs. N. J. Lanahan.
16. Kennedy & Wilson vs. N. J. Bigley.
18. John Griffin vs. John McClaren.
25. Kennedy & Bro. vs. German Gross Co.
27. John Thompson vs. Wm. Murdock et al.
30. S. R. Patterson et al. vs. McCloy & Bro.
31. W. H. Conley vs. C. C. Baisley.
32. John O'Meady vs. same.

Common Pleas—Judge Mellon.

TUESDAY, October 22.—In the case of George Lysle vs. W. H. Brown, owner of steamboat "Shark," the jury found a verdict for one hundred dollars damages.

Alexander Chambers vs. G. T. Robinson. Plaintiff took a non-suit.

Duquesne Coal Company vs. Pumphrey & Kidd. Verdict in favor of plaintiff, as to Pumphrey, for $1,089.49, and for defendant as to Kidd.

Joseph Gillespie vs. Daniel Lloyd. Plaintiff took a non-suit.

Patrick Lamb vs. Arthur Ballou. Action on a book account. On trial.

Following is the trial list for this day:

95. Stinton vs. Myers.
12. Baldwin vs. Henderson.
77. Merrick & Dond vs. Zuck.
82. Badger vs. Bash.
84. Stewart vs. Stewart.
85. Henry vs. Agnew, et. al.
86. Gundloth vs. same.
88. Mofitt's ex'r vs. M'Coy & Bro.
102. Adams vs. Dick.
106. Porter & Anderson vs. M'Donald.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

This Court met at the usual hour Tuesday. The following cases were disposed of:

CASE CONCLUDED.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. H. Goldstein, indicted for larceny, on oath L. Scnnitzer, occupied the attention of the Court until noon. The prosecutor does business as a merchant on Wylie street, and alleged that the defendant took goods from his store at various times. The jury were discharged, not being able to agree.

HOTEL LARCENY.

Sarah McKinney was tried for the larceny of part of a silk dress pattern, night dress, collar, &c., in February last, from Ann Melville. The women were employed at the Sirwell House, St. Clair street, at the time of the alleged larceny. The evidence in the case was not conclusive of guilt, and the jury accordingly acquitted.

RAILWAY CONDUCTOR ON TRIAL.

F. H. Bower, conductor on the Birmingham Passenger Railway, was placed on trial on an indictment, charging him with assault and battery. The prosecutor, Andrew Oesterreich, testified that on the 8th of August last he, in company with his brother, got on board Car No. 9, on Smithfield street, each having a baby in his lap, weighing "five or seven pounds." When on the suspension bridge he gave the conductor (defendant) thirteen cents as fare for two, when, instead of giving back seven cent change (his fare being six cents) the defendant demanded ten cents for each bundle, which prosecutor refused to pay, saying that defendant must be a fool to suppose that he (prosecutor) was such a "greenhorn." Defendant said he must have pay for the bundles, ten cents for each, otherwise he would throw them off. Prosecutor gave him twenty cents, telling him he must send ten cents for both bundles; but defendant would have twenty cents, otherwise the bundles must go off. Prosecutor asked that his "quarter" be returned, and he would get off the car. The defendant gave back the money, and prosecutor got off, but as he did so the defendant, as testified, kicked him—this occurring at the south end of the bridge. Prosecutor was corroborated by Constable Fogle, of Birmingham, who was on the car at the time.

For the defense it was claimed that the bundles spoken of were by no means of such small size that they could be placed in a man's hat, and that the charge of "ten cents" for parcels, such as they were, was in accordance with the established rules or rates of the Company; furthermore, that the conduct of the prosecutor was that of a ruffian. A lady, Mrs. McKee, residing in Brownstown, who was in the car, testified that the bundles were about "half a yard square;" that the prosecutor refused to pay for them, never having paid for such previously; that he got off the car, and that the conductor did not strike or kick him—did not raise a hand or foot, or say anything, whilst prosecutor was angry and "raved" a great deal. The driver of the car, who saw all that took place, (prosecutor having left the car at the front end,) testified that the prosecutor, when about to get off, made use of abusive language, which attracted the attention of the conductor, and as he turned to go towards the door, as if to put the prosecutor off, he (the prosecutor) jumped off the platform, the car being at the moment stopped; the conductor then told witness to drive on, and this was all of the alleged assault and battery. The case was not concluded at adjournment.

General Conference Proceedings.

TUESDAY—ELEVENTH DAY.

Bishop Long in the chair. Session opened by the Chairman with the usual devotional exercises.

The proceedings of yesterday were read and adopted. A committee reported on the condition of our charitable Society located at Orwigsburg, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, and which is intended for the support of superannuated preachers and for preachers' widows and orphans. This society has been in successful operation for a number of years and is in a prosperous condition.

The forenoon session was closed by prayer by F. Herlan.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Bishop Long in the chair. Session opened by prayer by S. Dickover. A motion was offered that a Bishop be elected to take charge of our missionary work in Germany.

Lively debate and was finally lost.

A resolution was offered to elect three Bishops, instead of two, and after considerable deliberation was negatived.

It was then resolved that the Conference proceed to the election of two Bishops, and first elect four candidates by ballot. The result of the ballot was the election of Joseph Long, J. J. Esher, S. Neitz and Reuben Yeakel. According to custom, the candidates withdrew, in order that the members of the Conference might express their opinions respecting their qualifications. During their absence, Rev. J. Dreisbach—Father John Dreisbach,—our oldest living preacher, was elected President *pro tem*, the Chair being vacated during the election. The ballot resulted in the re-election of Joseph Long and J. J. Esher.

Closed with prayer by J. Koehl.

Dayton, Ohio, it seems had a vote on consolidation, too, on last election day, and a successful one. The *Journal*, of that city, tells the following, which might just as well have happened here if we had any voters so stupid. A gentleman who resides across the Miami, within the favored territory which was annexed to the city by the vote on Tuesday, was somewhat annoyed on Wednesday morning at the delay of his help—a clever Erinlander—in getting out his horse and buggy as usual, to take him to the city. Going out to the barnyard, he found Pat busily at work putting things to rights. "Pat!" called Mr. X., "Sir-r!" returned Pat. "What's the reason you don't bring out my horse and buggy—eh?" "Beg y'r pardon, sir!" rejoined Pat; "but I didn't know ye wanted it!" "Why, man, you know I always want my horse and buggy in the morning to drive to the city. "Be me sockens, sir, I tho't we was all voted into the city yesterday, sure enough sir; an' seein' that we're in the city now, I really thought you'd not be afther wantin' the buggy at all at all!"

☞ Additional Local Matters on First Page.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

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Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
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A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

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BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER

☞ FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of Urine, irritation, inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus deposits, gravel, deposits, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings, use HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:MWF

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Is a certain cure for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
And all diseases of the
URINARY ORGANS,
Whether existing in
MALE OR FEMALE,
From whatever cause originating, and no matter of
HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs requires the use of a diuretic. If you have kidney complaint, or Consumption or insanity may ensue, your Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

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Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern.

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☞ SOMETHING NEW.—CALL and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

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GET THE BEST,

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PETROLIA BLUE LEAD.

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All goods returned in two weeks. Goods lost shall not to the owner twelve months. my15:ly

LEGAL.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters Testamentary on the Estate of Sobieston, Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement. WILLIAM CREAHAN, Executor.

Noblestown, Oct. 5, 1867. oc7:6t

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION having been granted

The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

STATE CHRISTIAN CONVENTION.

Opening Session—Address of Welcome—Organization—Rules of the Convention—Topics for Discussion.

The State Christian Convention, called at the instance of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city, convened in the First Presbyterian Church, Wood street, last evening, and the opening session was held. The attendance was large, and a number of delegates from a distance were present. A temporary organization was effected by calling Rev. E. B. Snyder, of Christ Church, to the Chair, who stated the object of the Convention, after which the congregation sung the following hymn:

SING JOYFULLY TO GOD.

All people that on earth do dwell,
Sing to the Lord with cheerful voice,
Him serve with mirth, his praise forth tell,
Come ye before him and rejoice.

Know that the Lord is God indeed:
Without us our self He did us make;
We are his flock, he doth us feed,
And for his sheep he doth us take.

O enter then His gates with praise,
Approach with joy His courts unto:
Praise, and call them His name always,
For it is seemly so to do.

For why? the Lord our God is good,
His mercy is forever sure;
His truth at all times firmly stood,
And shall from age to age endure.

At the close of the hymn, which was sung to Old Hundred, the Chairman read the 12th chapter of Paul's letter to the Romans, after which he offered an eloquent and touching prayer, invoking the blessing of Almighty God upon the work of the Convention.

Oliver McClintock, President of the Young Men's Christian Association of Pittsburgh, was then introduced by the Chairman, and delivered the

ADDRESS OF WELCOME.

The Young Men's Christian Association of this city, by reason of representing its various evangelical churches, and having been instructed in the circular of call under which you have assembled, has been honored as the host in this reunion of the christian brotherhood.

It is thus that at the request of the Preliminary Business Committee it has become my privilege to extend to you the earnest, honest right hand of fellowship and express the warm hearted greetings and christian welcome of the churches of Pittsburgh. I feel very deeply, however, my weakness and unfitness as the exponent of this glad family in Christ, as they welcome you to their hearts and homes, to their prayers and counsellings over the interests of Christ's kingdom. Let, therefore, the apostolic salutation to the Ephesians be, to-night, their message of welcome, and the golden chain that shall link heart to heart and intercommunicate the current of mutual love and common sympathy which bind together Christ's family on earth.

"Peace be to the brethren, and love with faith from God the Father and the Lord Jesus Christ. Grace be with all them that love our Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity." As it was with this Apostle, so let it be with this Convention, that Christ shall be "all and in all" the motive of every act and the energy of every effort. Let love to Christ be the Shibboleth by which all men shall pass the gateway of each one's heart and sympathy.

With Paul Christ's cross and the great sacrifice were every preacher's theme, and made his life a miracle of toil and achievement for the Master. So let us raise *here* an unseen but spiritually present cross and crucified Redeemer. Let us gather at its foot and in our discussions keep in view its divine burden of suffering and atonement for the sin of the world. May such a presence and such a looking till every member with a deep and abiding sense of the personal debt of love and the individual responsibility of each disciple in the Master's work. May God's spirit write in ineffaceable letters of fire and light upon the hearts of the Christians of Pittsburgh the significance and importance of facts which appear in the table of religious statistics of this city, which will be presented to this Convention.

That in a total population of one hundred and sixty-three thousand, of which forty-two thousand are Roman Catholic, and one hundred and twenty thousand nominally Protestant, of the latter forty thousand do, but eighty thousand do not attend church—twenty-four thousand are church members, but of these how many are faithfully watching like the "wise virgins," or diligently laboring like the "good stewards" the Heavenly Bridegroom and the Divine Householder only knows. Were all these Protestant churches filled to their utmost capacity, ninety thousand of the population, or forty-seven thousand of the Protestant population, would still be without the doors. Seventy thousand children who are in the public schools do not attend Sabbath School. There are six hundred and thirteen licensed liquor saloons and one hundred and twenty-three churches, or in the proportion of five saloons to one church, the latter open for one day the latter for six and sometimes seven days and nights in the week. If such be the facts in this "city of churches," this center of religious life and power, how great, at least in an equal degree, must be the spiritual needs in other sections! How urgent is the call for the church of Christ to awake and realize the marvelous and pressing importance of the work. I believe that Christian ministry does realize this, but I fear the Christian membership does not, and I do hope and pray that whatever else of blessing may be given this, one good may result from this convention, that every lay member and private christian here shall go away realizing in his or her innermost soul, that to-day labor and sacrifice and self-denial are as much conditions of true discipleship in the Church of Christ as they were in the days of the Apostles and martyrs; that every merchant, mechanic and farmer here who has the love of Christ in his breast, will go hence earnestly inquiring "Lord, what wilt thou have me to do?" and at once address himself in his own sphere and duties to the work of winning souls, relying upon God's spirit for success, and remembering that "he that goeth forth and weepeth, bearing precious seed, shall doubtless come again rejoicing, bringing his sheaves."

At the conclusion of Mr. McClintock's address the Chairman stated that the meeting had now been opened, and he hoped that any person present who desired to take part in the exercises would do so without being called upon; the meeting was opened for them. They had met not as the representatives of any sect or creed, but for the purpose of advancing the common cause of Christianity—to accomplish a purpose that was in common sympathy with the principles of the Christian religion. This, he said, was a preliminary meeting for the purpose of preparing their hearts and minds for the work which was before them, and he was pleased to see so many hearts actuated by a true spirit of christianity. He hoped that every christian present would devoutly pray for the sanctification of the work, that without the aid of the Holy Spirit they could do nothing, and they should therefore ask God for his blessing upon their labors.

The speaker again announced that the meeting was open, and as the evening would be spent in devotional exercises, all who desired might have an opportunity to participate. He suggested that each member would be brief in his remarks or prayers, and that but a few verses of a hymn be sung at a time, and that any person present desiring to have a particular hymn sung would name it. At the close of his remarks hymn No. 27, "Come Holy Spirit," was called for, two verses of which were sung by the congregation.

Prayer by Rev. McClelland.

Rev. N. H. Judd then addressed the Convention. He said he was highly gratified with the manner in which the meeting was conducted, and urged all present to work earnestly and prayerfully, and said that he sometimes thought that the ministers were more negligent in their duties than the membership. After some further remarks the speaker closed, and was followed by a touching prayer, at the close of which Hymn 28th (coronation) was sung.

Prayer by Rev. R. W. Chidlaw, of Kentucky.

A delegate announced that the Rev. Mr. McIntyre, of St. Louis, was present, and requested that he address the Convention. Mr McIntyre responded to the call in a few well chosen remarks, in which he expressed himself highly gratified with the proceedings of the Convention, and knew, he said, that it could not fail to be productive of good works in the cause of Christ.

Hymn 11, "Must Jesus bear the cross alone," was then called for and two verses of it sung, after which Edward Long led the Convention in prayer.

Mr. Louie, a Jew, next addressed the Convention and asked their prayers in behalf of his brethren in the flesh. He said he was sorry he was the only representative of his race present, but hoped that his people might be led to a saving knowledge of the Lord Jesus Christ, through the prayers of the christian church.

After several prayers had been offered and short addresses delivered by delegates whose names we were unable to ascertain, and the singing of the 23d hymn, (Sweet Rest), the Chairman announced that the Committee on Permanent Organization was ready to report.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

The Chairman of the Committee submitted the names of the following gentlemen as officers of the Convention:

Chairman—H. Thane Miller, Cincinnati.

Vice Presidents—Hon. H. W. Williams, Rev. R. F. Wilson, Lewistown; Rev. B. W. Chidlaw; Rev. S. M. Woodkok, Allegheny; Major Wm. Frew.

Secretaries—D. Robinson, W. H. Irwin, West Virginia, and reporters of the press.

Committee on Business—Rev. S. F. Scovill; W. P. Simpson, Esq., West Virginia; L. Borland, Esq., Ohio, J. W. F. White, Esq.; M. A. Woodward, Esq.

The report of the Committee was received and adopted.

RULES OF THE CONVENTION.

The following rules for the government of the Convention were adopted:

RULES OF THE COMMITTEE.

First.—No Delegate shall speak more than once upon the same question until all who wish have spoken, nor more than ten minutes at any time except those who open the discussions.

Second.—All motions shall be reduced to writing before they are presented

Third.—All resolutions shall be referred to the Business Committee without discussion

The Committee on Business were requested to convene immediately in the Study, and after a few moments absence, reported as follows:

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

The Convention will assemble at 9 o'clock A. M. Devotional exercises until half-past nine, when the first topic for discussion will be taken up.

TOPIC FOR DISCUSSION.

The Christian. How can we increase our personal devotion and sense of responsibility and best secure preparation for Christian work?

Mr. Kirk Porter moved that, inasmuch as a similar Convention was at present in session in Minnesota, this Convention should send them a message of greeting. Unanimously adopted.

The Convention then sung the long metre Doxology and adjourned.

Police Items.

LARCENY.

James Robinson yesterday made information before Alderman Taylor against John Burns, charging him with larceny. The prosecutor, it appears, about two weeks since was out hunting, and feeling fatigued sat down on the road side, near his residence, in Ross township, where he fell asleep. When he awoke from his slumbers his gun, a double-barreled English shot gun, was missing. He made diligent search for it but was unable to find it, and one day last week he came to the city to purchase another. He called upon Mr. Johnston, a gunsmith, and to his great surprise found his own gun. Mr. J. says he got the gun from a pawnbroker, and circumstances connected with the affair indicate that it was taken by Burns, who, it will be remembered, is one of the party arrested a short time since by Chief Scott, on suspicion, and against whom a number of charges of larceny were afterwards made, and upon which he was committed to jail, but subsequently released on bail. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

LIBEL.

Ellen Lindsay yesterday made information before Alderman Taylor, against D. G. and George Lindsay, charging them with libel. The facts of the case so far as we could ascertain them are as follows: William Lindsay, some time since, married the prosecutrix, Ellen, against the wishes of his brothers, and D. G. Lindsay, his brother, has been endeavoring ever since their marriage to create a disturbance between them. The defendants reside in M'Keesport, and the prosecutrix resides in the same neighborhood, this city, with her husband. One day last week William Lindsay received a letter from McKeesport, purporting to have been written by his father, George Lindsay, but evidently written by D. G. Lindsay, his brother, in which the latter alleges that Ellen, the prosecutrix, was inconstant. The letter, which is at present in the Alderman's possession, is one of the most villainous, slanderous, and infamous productions in the mind of man could conceive, and if the statements it contains (which are too obscene for publication) are true, the man who wrote it is a most consummate scoundrel, for, in order to convince the husband of his wife's infidelity, he acknowledges himself to have been guilty of a most damnable crime. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

It is said that George Lindsay, the father, whose name is signed to the letter, is a blind man, and it is most probable that the letter was written without his consent.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

John Simpson came before Alderman Thomas yesterday and preferred an information charging Thomas Martin and a man named Ginniff with aggravated assault and battery. The prosecutor alleges that he went out between one and two o'clock in the morning after a female inmate of his house, who was staying at a neighbor's, and while going to the house he was knocked down by the defendant, and kicked, beat and abused by him until he was senseless. A warrant has been issued.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

John M. Hunter made information before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, against John Yost, charging him with assault and battery. He alleges that Yost struck his son, a little boy eight years old, with a brick. We published an extended account of the difficulty originated, under the head of "A Grave Digger Beaten." Yost was arrested and held for a hearing.

FALSE PRETENSES.

Hugh McHugh yesterday made information before Alderman McMasters, against James Martin, charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses. Martin is a hack driver and is employed by Pitcairn & Smith. It is alleged that he represented to the prosecutor that he owned the team he was driving and upon this representation obtained $20, for which he gave his note. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Stealing Jewelry—Mary Hoover, a young German woman, was arrested yesterday by the Allegheny police, charged with having stolen several articles of jewelry from the house of Justice Hartje, where she was employed as a domestic. The alleged stolen articles were found in her possession. Held for a hearing.

Lewis Lepo, four years of age, was killed at the coal works of H. B. Hays & Co., Streets Run, on Monday, in attempting to get on a train of coal cars while in motion. He fell between the cars and several passed over his breast.

The Steam Saw Mill of R. Luzer & Co., at Monongahela City, was destroyed by fire Monday evening, involving a loss of $5,000. No insurance.

THE AMERICAN HALL
AND FOUNTAIN GARDENS,
Corner Carson and Bryan Streets, East Birmingham,
F. BOSWORTH & CO., Prop'rs.
This beautiful and pleasant resort having recently changed hands, the present proprietors respectfully call attention to their well selected WINES ALES, BEERS, LIQUORS, CIGARS, REFRESHMENTS, &c.
A Grand Free Concert every Saturday evening. Birmingham Cars pass the door every ten minutes. au7tf

JUST RECEIVED, AT
ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,
NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.
A full supply of Cooking, Heating and Parlor Stoves, Anders, Fire Irons and Tinner Stock. Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. Also, manufacturers of ZIMMERMAN'S STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, for cooking meats, vegetables, puddings, &c., in one vessel. Also, agents for Spang's Patent Air Tight Gas Burner. Call and see stoves, for anthracite and other fuel.
Mrs. R. & S. are also special agents for the Manufacturers of Grocers' Canisters. oct8m5

COMPRESSED
BUNGS.
ARMSTRONG, BRO. & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
MACHINE CUT CORKS,
Plugs, Taps, Irish Moss, Pitch,
ROSIN, ISINGLASS, &c., &c.
os. 122 & 125 Third St., Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of
PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS
CLINTON MILL, STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treas'r.
SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.
DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H. Hartman, John B. Livingston, John M. Perkins, C. B. Merrick.
Cash Paid for Paper Stock.
no7y66

HAZARD POWDER.
I AM NOW PREPARED TO
Fill, at shortest notice, all orders for large or small lots of
HAZARD'S CELEBRATED POWDER.
All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, Nos. 174 and 174 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 102 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.
ARTHUR KIRK.
se21:d66

AMERICAN
Fence Manufacturing Co.
A new and very desirable FENCING for private residences or public grounds, cemetery lots, &c., is now offered to the public. Another low cost of iron rail ng, and about as durable. Specimens of the fences can be seen at No. 84 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City. Any pattern or style of these fences can be furnished at short notice. Call and satisfy yourself that it is the cheapest and most beautiful fence now made.
Also, a general assortment of COUNTER and PLATFORM SCALES, are kept for sale, at No. 84 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny City.
PETER PETERSON.
se23:d3m

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHIMA
Iron Broker,
124 First Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal PIG IRON.
Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. jy4:1y62

PH. R. MERTZ,
BANKER AND BROKER,
118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.
Government Securities,
Gold, Silver,
And Coupons,
bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.
We are now prepared to convert the
SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's
INTO THE
New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds,
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
Dealers in Government Securities,
Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Bankers,
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.
We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange
5-20 BONDS OF 1867,
interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, October 22, 1867.

Gold declined to 143¾ on receipt of cable dispatches confirming the settlement of the Roman difficulties, but the market was stronger towards the close at 144¾. The large short interest outstanding is keeping up the market more than any real demand for gold. Bonds are firmer, with an advance of ¼ to ⅜ per cent. for all, except Ten Forties, which remain unchanged.

The stock market is excited, and subject to sudden and violent fluctuations; the very stocks expected to advance to-day are all lower, and at any advance there are two sellers to one purchaser. Fort Wayne is very dull at 96½. Erie is steady at yesterday's quotations. Cleveland & Pittsburgh is 1. lower. New York Central and Michigan Southern are lower—only North Western, common, is held firm, there being a large short interest uncovered. Mining shares are better, with slight improvements in quotations. Money is scarce, and commands 7 per cent. on best collaterals, besides a commission.

Closing New York quotations received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 143¾; 1881's, 111½; 5-20's, 1862, 112¾; 1864, 109¾; 1865, 109¾; Consols, 1094; 10-40's, 100¼; 7-30's, 104⅞.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.——— 83
Merchants Union Express——— 23
Western Union Telegraph——— 33½
Erie R. R. ——— 74¾
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R. 96¾
Northwestern Railroad—common——— 47
Northwestern—preferred——— 76
New York Central——— 112
Ohio and Mississippi Certificates——— 28½
Michigan Southern——— 79¾
Corydon——— 72
Quartz Hill——— 1 30
Quicksilver——— 20

The following statement exhibits the business of the Pittsburgh Clearing House, for the week ending Saturday, October 19th:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Oct. 14	$426 681 89	$52,117 2
" 15	1	19,407 7
" 18	324 456 62	21,282 56
" 17	446,308 16	95,539 76
" 18	1	75,955 60
" 19	342,357 91	49,428 80
Totals	$1,595,973 02	$411,125 8

—The following 1500 cases were sold at auction evening, October 22d, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer:

National Bank of Commerce——— $112 00
Boatmen's Insurance Company——— 20 00

—The Government has made a formal demand on the firms from which the counterfeit seven-thirties were received. The claim, it is believed, will be submitted to the arbitration of the courts. If it should appear that these notes which are declared spurious were printed from plates in the custody of the Government, or from plates made by Government officials, with Government tools, and in the Government buildings, another very exciting questions will arise relative to the last aggregate of these notes which has been rejected by the department, and is now in the hands of the public.

—The failures of three or four houses hitherto in good standing last week, has caused quite a commotion among the trade, in which these failures occurred. The community are at a loss to account for these failures, as there is no panic with the abounding tendency of the good premium, and other disasters, with moderately fair management, would be sufficient to prevent; but the decline in muslins and some other descriptions of goods brought with it losses that have swept away the profits, leaving to large holders trading on borrowed capital. We are happy to state that the losses are by no means general as reported. On Wednesday and the anxiety which was so widespread on Friday was entirely without cause, as was evidenced by the resumption of business on Saturday, when the real extent of the failures was definitely known. Rumor had handled terribly by the Allegheny police, charged with having stolen several articles of jewelry from the house of Justice Hartje, where she was employed as a domestic. The alleged stolen articles were found in her possession. Held for a hearing.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,
69 and 70 Water Street,
LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,
And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.
We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Neatsfoot, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.
Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.
Crude Coal Oil constantly and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.
Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. jy19

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, October 22, 1867.

We have nothing new to note in regard to the general markets. Flour and Grain, in consequence of the continued unfavorable advices from the west, continue dull, with a drooping tendency, though, compared with yesterday, prices are without quotable change. In other articles, there is only a moderate degree of activity manifested, the demand, as a general thing, being restricted to the immediate wants of the retail trade.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm and in good demand but unchanged; we continue to quote prime Penna and Ohio Red at $2,26@2,30. Corn is dull, and while the supply is by no means large, it is nevertheless considerably in excess of the demand; it may be quoted at $1,10@1,15 for new, and $1,25@1,28 for old. Rye is steady, with regular sales at $1,45@1,50. Oats quiet and unchanged at 63@65c, on track, and 70c, in store. Prime Spring Barley is quoted at $1,30, in first hands, and $1,35, in store.

FLOUR—Is dull and heavy, but prices are without quotable change. We continue to quote at $10,50@11 for Spring Wheat; $12,25@12,75 for Winter Wheat, and $13,50@14,00 for fancy brands. Rye Flour is still quoted at $3,50@0.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet but steady, with regular sales at 14½c for Shoulders; 17@18c for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 20c for Plain Sugar Cured Cured Hams, and 23@24c for Canvassed do. Lard is quoted at 14½c, and Mess Pork at $34.

POTATOES—Peach Blows are in fair demand, and we can report sales at $1,15 per bush. New Jersey Sweets are quoted at $4,50@4,75 per bbl.

APPLES—In good supply and dull but unchanged; we continue to quote at $2,50@2,75 per bbl, as to quality.

DRIED FRUIT—We can report sales of new Peaches at 18c per lb for prime halves. Apples may be quoted at 8c.

BUTTER—Is dull, and strictly prime Roll cannot be quoted above 33c. Common packed, in kegs, is quoted at 18@20c.

EGGS—Have still further advanced, and we now quote fresh packed at 27@28c.

CRANBERRIES—Sales at prices ranging from $10@14 per bbl, as to quality.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm but unchanged at 95c for No. 2, and $1,15 for No. 1.

HAY—Is still quoted from country wagons at $16@20 per ton, as to quality.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, October 22.—Tobacco reacted to-day and yesterday's advance was lost. Cotton—There is better supply and more demand, at 16½@17c. Wool—Advices from the manufacturers and the lower grades are irregular and declining; choice and fancy firm, superfine, 37@37.50; low double double extra, 35@35; double extra, $1,30@1,50; choice, $1,20@1,25. Provisions—There is a stand off between buyers and sellers and the market is quiet and drooping; prime and choice red, $2,50@2,55; spring, nominal, at $1,70@1,85. Corn—The demand and prices slightly improved; $1,05@1,10 for mixed and yellow. Oats firmer; sales 10,000 bus at 62@63c. Barley inactive at $1,25@1,35; the latter for extra choice. Rye dull and no lower, at $1,35@1,40. Provisions dull and heavy, and the transactions mostly retail. Mess pork, $22,50. Bacon—Shoulders, 15½; clear rib, 17¾. Sugar cured hams, 20½c. Lard, 14c for choice tierce. Whisky nominal, at $1,07. Receipts—Flour, 2,000 bbls; wheat, 7,600 sacks; corn, 638 bush; oats, 2,572. Rye, 260; barley, 1,025. The weather is cloudy and cool. There was a slight rain last night about ¼ inch.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, October 22—Flour—receipts of 5,000 bbls; sales at $12@12,50 for treble extra red winter; $13@13,50 for double extra do; $14@15,50 for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 17@18c for Plain Sugar Cured Cured Hams, and 23@24c for Canvassed do. Lard is quoted at 14½c, and Mess Pork at $34.

POTATOES—Peach Blows are in fair demand, and we can report sales at $1,15 per bush. New Jersey Sweets are quoted at $4,50@4,75 per bbl.

APPLES—In good supply and dull but unchanged; we continue to quote at $2,50@2,75 per bbl, as to quality.

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CRANBERRIES—Sales at prices ranging from $10@14 per bbl, as to quality.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm but unchanged at 95c for No. 2, and $1,15 for No. 1.

HAY—Is still quoted from country wagons at $16@20 per ton, as to quality.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Weather clear and cool. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet and 1 to 2c lower, at $1,80@1,82½ for No. 1; $1,80@1,82½ for No. 2; closing at $1,80 for No. 1, and $1,79@1,80 for No. 2. Corn unsettled, closing dull, at 94c for No. 2 in store. Oats more active and ½c higher, at 39½c for No. 2. Barley more active, 1½ to 2c higher, at $1,20@1,25 for No. 1; $1,20@1,25½ for No. 2. Barley more active, and prices ½c higher. Provisions dull. Mess pork nil. Lard dull, at 12¾@13c. Receipts—14,000 bbls flour, 130,000 bus wheat, 71,000 bus corn, 16,000 bus oats. Shipments—11,500 bbls flour, 50,000 bu wheat, 35,000 bu corn, 20,000 bu oats. Freights dull and lower for coals, 9c for corn and 10c per wheat to Buffalo.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, Oct. 22.—Flour and Wheat are unchanged. Corn is firmer but not any higher, with sales of mixed at 91. Oats is quiet and unchanged, but holders are asking 60c. Rye is firm at 91@93. Barley is unchanged, Cotton is steady and the demand is fair for the week's receipts, at 16½ for middling. Tobacco is in good demand with sales of 120 hogsheads at $6,90@7,90 for lugs, and $8@10 for leaf. Whisky is unchanged. Mess Pork is dull and prices are nominal at $21,50. Bacon is unchanged and the sales of the week will be 150,000 pounds, including some bulk shoulders. Lard is dull at 13c. Hogs are dull at $4@5,25. Butter is dull and prime are lower at 32@36c. Gold is buying at 143.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 22.—Cotton sales of 1,500 bales; low middlings, 17½@18c; receipts of 4,000 bales. Sugar and Molasses quiet; medium and lower grades; treble and choice extra quiet and firm; choice $9,75; Corn scarce and in request, at $2,18, 7,000 bus No. 2 Western at $2,15, and 9,00 bus Toledo at $2@2,10½. Oats scarce and firm; sales of 10,000 bus Western at 62c, closing 5c higher with sales of 26,000 bus western, part to arrive, at 67@c. Rye; sales of 2,000 bus Western at $1,45@1,50 for choice and nominal with buyers and sellers apart. Other articles unchanged. Receipts and sales—Flour, 1,000 bbls; corn, 7,000 bus; oats, 44,000 bus; rye, 25,000 bus; barley, 14,000 bus, flour, 11,000. Shipments—wheat, 32,000 bus, corn, 20,000 bus; oats, 20,000 bus; rye, 20,000 bus. Freights advanced and strong; wheat 2½c, corn 1½c, and oats 1½c to New York.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, Oct. 22.—Flour—receipts of 5,000 bbls; sales at $12@12,50 for treble extra red winter; $13@13,50 for double extra do; $14@15,50 for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 17@18c for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 20c for Plain Sugar Cured Cured Hams, and 23@24c for Canvassed do. Lard is quoted at 14½c, and Mess Pork at $34.

POTATOES—Peach Blows are in fair demand, and we can report sales at $1,15 per bush. New Jersey Sweets are quoted at $4,50@4,75 per bbl.

APPLES—In good supply and dull but unchanged; we continue to quote at $2,50@2,75 per bbl, as to quality.

DRIED FRUIT—We can report sales of new Peaches at 18c per lb for prime halves. Apples may be quoted at 8c.

BUTTER—Is dull, and strictly prime Roll cannot be quoted above 33c. Common packed, in kegs, is quoted at 18@20c.

EGGS—Have still further advanced, and we now quote fresh packed at 27@28c.

CRANBERRIES—Sales at prices ranging from $10@14 per bbl, as to quality.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm but unchanged at 95c for No. 2, and $1,15 for No. 1.

HAY—Is still quoted from country wagons at $16@20 per ton, as to quality.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, October 22.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and heavy and declining; No. 1 red winter, $1,80@1,81; amber Michigan, $1,85@1,90. Corn dull and nominal; No 1 red winter held at $2,00@2,05; No 2 do at $1,92@2,00; No 1 Milwaukee and Chicago spring, $1,80@1,85, with a better demand; sales No 1 mixed on spot at $1,11@1,12, and first week in November at $1,11½; No 2 do at $1,08@1,09. Oats unchanged, and held at 66c for No. 1 state. Rye quiet and unchanged, and held at $1,40@1,45 for No. 1 Canada. Barley held at $1,30@1,40 for No 1 state and Canada. Petroleum dull, heavy and inactive; crude held at 20c; refined 30@31c; light prime light straw to white 43@44c; light straw 42@43c.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Weather clear and cool. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet and 1 to 2c lower, at $1,80@1,82½ for No. 1; $1,80@1,82½ for No. 2; closing at $1,80 for No. 1, and $1,79@1,80 for No. 2. Corn unsettled, closing dull, at 94c for No. 2 in store. Oats more active and ½c higher, at 39½c for No. 2. Barley more active, 1½ to 2c higher, at $1,20@1,25 for No. 1; $1,20@1,25½ for No. 2. Barley more active, and prices ½c higher. Provisions dull. Mess pork nil. Lard dull, at 12¾@13c. Receipts—14,000 bbls flour, 130,000 bus wheat, 71,000 bus corn, 16,000 bus oats. Shipments—11,500 bbls flour, 50,000 bu wheat, 35,000 bu corn, 20,000 bu oats. Freights dull and lower for coals, 9c for corn and 10c per wheat to Buffalo.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, Oct. 22.—Flour and Wheat are unchanged. Corn is firmer but not any higher, with sales of mixed at 91. Oats is quiet and unchanged, but holders are asking 60c. Rye is firm at 91@93. Barley is unchanged, Cotton is steady and the demand is fair for the week's receipts, at 16½ for middling. Tobacco is in good demand with sales of 120 hogsheads at $6,90@7,90 for lugs, and $8@10 for leaf. Whisky is unchanged. Mess Pork is dull and prices are nominal at $21,50. Bacon is unchanged and the sales of the week will be 150,000 pounds, including some bulk shoulders. Lard is dull at 13c. Hogs are dull at $4@5,25. Butter is dull and prime are lower at 32@36c. Gold is buying at 143.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 22.—Cotton sales of 1,500 bales; low middlings, 17½@18c; receipts of 4,000 bales. Sugar and Molasses quiet; medium and lower grades; treble and choice extra quiet and firm; choice $9,75; Corn scarce and in request, at $2,18, 7,000 bus No. 2 Western at $2,15, and 9,00 bus Toledo at $2@2,10½. Oats scarce and firm; sales of 10,000 bus Western at 62c, closing 5c higher with sales of 26,000 bus western, part to arrive, at 67@c. Rye; sales of 2,000 bus Western at $1,45@1,50 for choice and nominal with buyers and sellers apart. Other articles unchanged. Receipts and sales—Flour, 1,000 bbls; corn, 7,000 bus; oats, 44,000 bus; rye, 25,000 bus; barley, 14,000 bus, flour, 11,000. Shipments—wheat, 32,000 bus, corn, 20,000 bus; oats, 20,000 bus; rye, 20,000 bus. Freights advanced and strong; wheat 2½c, corn 1½c, and oats 1½c to New York.

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[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

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OIL—Lard Oil is firm but unchanged at 95c for No. 2, and $1,15 for No. 1.

HAY—Is still quoted from country wagons at $16@20 per ton, as to quality.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 22.—Tobacco—sales of 60 hhds at $4,60@18,50. Flour quiet and drooping. Wheat declined 10c; prime dull and 10c lower; No. 2 red, $1,80@1,85; No. 3 do, $1,70@1,75. Corn dull and lower, 87@88c. Oats steady at 68@73c for prime. Provisions dull and without change.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, October 22.—Flour very dull and drooping. Wheat declined 10c; prime dull and 10c lower; No. 2 red, $1,80@1,85; No. 3 do, $1,70@1,75. Corn dull and lower, 87@88c. Oats steady at 68@73c for prime. Provisions dull and without change.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, October 22.—Flour market much depressed; superfine $7,50@8,25. Wheat dull and in favor of buyers. Corn very dull; mixed Western $1,40. Oats 78c. Petroleum unchanged. Whisky nominal.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, October 22.—Beef Cattle quiet and unchanged. Hogs moderately active and 15 to 25c higher; $6,20@6,50 for good to choice. Receipts—3,000 hogs.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, Oct. 22 4 P. M.—Cotton quiet, at 16½@17c. Sorg dull, at 95c@$1. Hay quiet at $25@25,50. Bacon—shoulders 15c, clear sides 19½c. Lard 14@15c.

Havana Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, October 22.—Sugar dull, buyers offering 6@8½; roals per arroba for No. 12.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Equally valuable for BAR IRON AND STEEL, and especially for rounds and squares. We have made them for Kelly & Spear, Reeves & Co., Lynch, Bliss & Co., and others, and they have given universal satisfaction. We have had their Chills given great satisfaction, and we have the best facilities for turning the Chills perfectly smooth:
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*Mr. Robt. C. Totten, Pitt